

THE CHELSEA HERALD.

VOL. 13 NO. 8.

THURSDAY, OCT. 25, 1883.

WHOLE NO. 632.

CARPETS,
Oil Cloths,
Window Shades,
Parlor Suits,
CHAMBER SUITS,
LOUNGES
BED-STEADS,
CHAIRS, TABLES, FEATHERS,
Bed Comforts
in great variety and LOW Prices.
C. H. KEMPFF & SON.

MAILS CLOSE.

GOING EAST.	GOING WEST.
10:10 A. M.	9:25 A. M.
4:40 P. M.	11:30 A. M.
8:45 P. M.	5:50 P. M.
	8:45 P. M.

G. J. CROWELL, P. M.

BUSINESS DIRECTORY

I. O. O. F.—THE REGULAR
weekly meeting of Vernon Lodge
No. 85, I. O. O. F., will take place
every Wednesday evening at 6½ o'clock,
at their Lodge room, Middle st., East.
F. H. STILES, Sec'y.

OLIVE LODGE, NO.
156, F. & A. M., will meet
at Masonic Hall in regular
communication on Tuesday Evenings, on
or preceding each full moon.
Theo. E. Wood, Sec'y.

I. O. of G. T.—Charity Lodge
No. 335, meets every Monday eve. at
7 o'clock, at Good Tempers hall.
GEORGIA VOSSBURG, Sec.

K. O. T. M.—Chelsea Tent No.
281, of the K. O. T. M., will meet at
Odd Fellows' Hall the first and
third Friday of each month.
C. W. MARONEY, R. K.

G. A. R.—ATTENTION X SOL-
diers! R. P. Carpenter Post, No. 41, De-
partment of Michigan, Grand Army of the
Republic, holds its regular meetings at
Odd Fellows' Hall, Tuesday evenings, after
the full moon in each month. Special
meetings, second Tuesday after regular
meetings.
By order of J. D. SCHNAITMAN,
POST COMMANDER. Adjutant.

F. H. STILES,

DENTIST,
Office with Dr. Palmer, over Glazier,
DePuy & Co's. Drug Store.
CHELSEA, MICH. v11-46.

WILLIAM B. GILDART, ATTOR-
ney at Law and Notary Public, Agent
for the Liverpool, London, and Globe In-
surance Company. The largest company
doing business. Deeds, mortgages and all
legal papers neatly, carefully and correctly
drawn. Office, CHELSEA MICHIGAN.

GEO. E. DAVIS, Resi-
dent Auctioneer of 16
years experience, and second to none in
the State. Will attend all farm sales and
other auctions on short notice. Orders
sent at this office will receive prompt atten-
tion. Residence and P. O. address, Sylvan,
Mich. V-13-5.

FRESH OYSTERS
—AND THE—
BEST CRACKERS!

C. HESELSCHWERDT wishes to
thank the people of Chelsea and vic-
inity, for the liberal patronage they have
bestowed upon him during the past year,
and hope for a continuation of the same.

For Reliable Insurance Against
FIRE OR TORNADO,
CALL ON
GILBERT & CROWELL,
—OR—
GEO. W. TURNBULL.
We Represent— Assets.
Home of New York, \$7,208,489.
Continental of New York, 4,450,534.
Phoenix of New York, 3,295,326.
Underwriters of New York, 5,121,956.
Hartford of Conn., 4,067,976.
Springfield, of Mass., 2,395,288.

Subscribe for
—THE—
HERALD.

CHURCH DIRECTORY.

CONGREGATIONAL.—Rev. Thos. Holmes,
D. D. Services, at 10:30 A. M. and 7 P. M.
Young people's meeting, Sabbath evening,
at 6 o'clock. Prayer-meeting, Thursday
evening, at 7 o'clock. Sunday School, im-
mediately after morning services.

METHODIST.—Rev. H. C. Northrup
Services at 10:30 A. M. and 7 P. M. Prayer
meeting Tuesday and Thursday evenings
at 7 o'clock. Sunday school immediately
after morning services.

BAPTIST.—Rev. E. A. Gay. Services, at
10:30 A. M. and 7 P. M. Prayer meeting,
Thursday evening, at 7 o'clock. Sunday
school, at 12 M.

CATHOLIC.—Rev. Father Duhig. Serv-
ices every Sunday at 8 and 10:30 A. M. Ves-
pers at 7 o'clock P. M. Sunday school at
12 M.

LUTHERAN.—Rev. G. Robertus. Serv-
ices every Sunday at 10:30 A. M. Sunday
school at 9 A. M.

If you have any business at the Probate
Office, make the request that the notice be pub-
lished in the HERALD. Such a request
will always be granted.

WHISPERINGS.

Subscribe
For the HERALD,
Only \$1.40 to Jan. 1, '85.
Stove wood is scarce.
Local items continued on eighth page.
Teachers' examination at Ann Arbor,
to-morrow.

You certainly can get us one new sub-
scriber if you try.

Dr. Gates has one of the richest door-
yards in the village.

A. Steger shipped 1,600 pounds of dressed
poultry last week.

Why not have a telephone line from
this place to Stockbridge?

M. M. Campbell's black stallion took the
blue ribbon at Stockbridge.

We will furnish sample copies to those
who wish to canvass for the HERALD.

The organ used by the Uncle Tom com-
pany is of the make sold by J. E. Durand,
of this place.

Quarterly meeting at the Waterloo M. E.
church next Sabbath. No services at the
U. B. church.

Chris. Klein has improved his store—by
having a new tin roof. J. Bacon & Co.
did the work.

The Jackson express made the trip be-
tween this place and Dexter in eight min-
utes, last Thursday.

Wm. Judson received last week, from
Texas, a car load of 17 ponies, which he
is selling at from \$50 to \$125.

Will our Waterloo correspondent tell us
what success he had with the corn he
dragged as it was coming up?

Isn't it a strange coincidence that the
leaves begin to fall at just the time each
year when coal begins to rise?

The HERALD, to new subscribers, from
now until January 1, '85, for only \$1.40,
the regular yearly subscription price.

J. E. Foster took four first and three
second premiums on ewes and lambs, and
a diploma on a stock ram at the county
fair.

The ladies of the Baptist church will
give an oyster supper at the church Tues-
day evening, Oct. 30. An invitation is
extended to all.

It will certainly pay you to visit Mr.
Hesselschwerdt when in need of crackers
or oysters. When we say he has the best
we speak from experience.

A. Musbach is an example for other
boys to follow. He drove cattle from
Francisco to this place to enable him to
subscribe and pay for the HERALD. From
such boys as that we expect a good list on
our offer.

A good audience greeted Dr. Hough,
Tuesday evening of last week, at the Con-
gregational church, and listened with
great interest to his very instructive re-
marks upon The Pacific Slope and the
New Northwest.

George W. Richards receives the largest
pension, with one exception, of any per-
son in the county. It is \$72 per month.
This may seem large, but where is the
man who would exchange his health and
sound limbs for \$72 per month?

The HERALD free! to January 1, '84, to
new subscribers. Do us the favor to tell
your neighbor.

When John Welch threshed, this fall, he
built his straw stack on "stilts" to give his
cattle a run-way under it. A few days
ago the stack fell, killing one, and injuring
two young head of cattle.

Everybody knows of Shaver, the artist.
In this issue he tells you what to do, viz:
"Secure the shadow ere the substance per-
ish." Mr. Shaver is known as a first-class
photographer and will be pleased to see
you. Gallery over Holmes's store.

L. B. Lawrence, the Merino sheep breed-
er, took several premiums at the State fair,
among them he took second on a three-
year-old ewe. At Ypsilanti he took first
on a two-year-old ram, and second on a
three-year-old ewe and also on a yearling
ewe.

Chas. Wunder now has his bakery fin-
ished and informs us that he will be ready
to supply all with goods in his line after
to-day. Mr. Wunder has spared no ex-
pense, and as his reputation as a baker is
first-class, we predict for him a large trade.
He is in the building recently occupied by
Mr. Vogel as a market, on Middle street,
west.

The grangers near North Lake are
showing unusual vigor. Last year they
erected a nice hall and now, we are told
they have made arrangements for a select
school. They evidently intend to have as
good a school as possible as they have en-
gaged Wilbur Bowen (who holds a second
grade certificate), as teacher. It will be a
five month term.

At the reunion of the 20th regiment,
Michigan infantry, held at Battle Creek,
Chelsea was chosen as the place of the
meeting next year, and the following offi-
cers were elected: President, George J.
Crowell, of Chelsea; secretary and treas-
urer, H. W. Morton; orator, C. W. May-
nard; executive committee, E. Hammond,
L. S. Sparks, L. F. Wood, F. Lehman,
John Strahle and George Sellers.

The following are the names of persons
who have favored us with the "ready cash,"
for the HERALD, since Oct. 3d, and to
whom we tender our sincere thanks:

Paul Chase	\$1.25	B. Boise	\$1.25
Jas. Rowe	4.25	P. Lane	1.35
John Walsh	1.25	John Joss	1.25
Thom. Welch	1.25	P. Westfall	1.25
Carrie Coe	.70	Wm. Howlett	1.25
Mrs. L. Fenn	1.00	E. Gorton	1.25
E. McIntee	.70	Mrs. Cummins	1.40
C. H. Kendall	1.40	A. Musboch	1.40
Dr. Robertson	1.40	R. Croman	1.25

Lima farmers are coming to the front.
The well known and responsible farmer—
I. M. Whitaker—last week sold to a Mr.
Thomas, of Omaha, Neb., four head of
Durham cattle—three heifers and a bull
calf—and expects to ship them next Mon-
day. The mother of the heifers produced
in seven consecutive days, 404 pounds of
milk, from which 15 lbs. and 2 oz. of but-
ter was made. We understand Mr. Thom-
as has a large tract of land which he will
stock with choice stock.

Boys! Girls! To the boy or girl who
will get us the largest list of paid subscrib-
ers by January 1st, we will give a \$5 gold
piece. To the boy or girl getting us the
second largest list we will give three gold
dollars. To the boy or girl getting us the
third largest list we will give two one
dollar gold pieces. The boy or girl must
be under fifteen years of age, but may get
as many to help as they like. The subscrib-
er must be one, who does not take the
HERALD now, and we will on the receipt
of \$1.40 send it to January 1, '85. Now
let us see what family has a wide-awake
boy or girl!

The following persons of this place draw
pensions at the following rate per month

William Bennett	\$ 4 00
John Strahle	8 00
Maryette Ward	8 00
Oscar B. Guerin	10 00
John L. Somerby	8 00
L. H. VanAntwerp	4 00
Sidney D. Harrington	6 00
George Sellers	12 00
Andrew N. Morton	4 00
Caroline M. North	72 00
George W. Richards	8 00
Mary Ferguson	8 00
Susannah Johnson	8 00
Michael Fallon	18 00
Sarah A. Cole	8 00
James Hudler	16 00

SYLVAN.

Lydia Franklin	8 00
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Lyceums will soon be in full blast again.

John Strahle beats that beat that beats
them all, as he has one weighing 13 lbs!

Large numbers of apple trees have been
delivered at this place during the past few
days.

T. McKune has greatly added to the
comfort of his tenants, during the past
week, by having another thickness of
boards put on the walks. To prevent wa-
ter from running through, he put tar and
tanned paper between the two layers of
boards.

PERSONAL.

Chas. Downer has returned to this place.

Boys and girls! read our offer and hand
in the names as soon as you get them.

Mrs. W. F. Thatcher, and M. Craig, of
Chelsea, have gone to Paris, Texas.—Star

R. C. Glenn, of North Lake, attended
the grangers' convention at Ypsilanti, last
week.

Mrs. Emma Wardell requests us to here-
after send her HERALD to 393 Michigan
Avenue, Detroit.

We omitted in our last issue to mention
the return of Jay Wood, from Kansas. He
will remain in this vicinity this winter.

Rev. Dr. Holmes spent part of last week
and this week at Paw Paw and Battle
Creek. Rev. Mr. Waters, of Webster, fill-
ed his pulpit on Sunday last.

Miss Jennie Butterfield expects to leave
for Detroit Friday, where she has engaged
to clerk for Taylor, Wolfenden & Co.—
Chelsea correspondence to the Enterprise.

While Junius E. Beal was riding on his
bicycle recently, he was thrown from it in
a collision with a buggy and received se-
vere injuries. Brother Beal has our sym-
pathy.

The new Methodist minister at St. Clair,
the Rev. Mr. Northrup, is setting his min-
isterial brethren a good example in the
matter of keeping and driving an excellent
horse.—Evening News.

On Tuesday, Oct. 16, at the Congrega-
tional in Grass Lake, Mr. E. W. Crafts
and Miss Louisa Sawyer, were married.
Postmaster and Mrs. Crowell attended,
the groom being a brother of the latter.

Mr. — Wilcox, of Runningwater, D. T.,
has been spending a few days with his
uncle, Mr. F. Brackbill. Mr. W. has been
a resident of southern Dakota for fourteen
years and speaks very favorable of that
distant land.

Leander Easton has bought the place on
Orchard street, occupied during the past
year by Mr. Lowery. By the removal of
Mr. & Mrs. Lowery we lose good neigh-
bors but we wish them the best of success
on the farm!

We this week announce the departure
of another of our respected citizens who
removes to Howard City, this State, next
Saturday. Although we regret the remov-
er of Mr. & Mrs. Straith, we hope our loss
will be their gain.

Mrs. I. M. Whitaker, of Lima, has two
old and rare coins, and would be pleased
to have some one tell her what nation is-
sued them. They are about the size of
"the dollar of our daddies," and bear the
date of 1797 and 1821 respectively.

In another column will be found a very
interesting letter from our friend, L. D.
Whitney who is now in Florida. Mr. W.
has met Mr. VanAntwerp and others, and
will probably remain in that pleasant land
for the next six months. Hope to hear
from him soon again.

A few days since we had a pleasant chat
with Edward Croman who a few weeks
ago returned from Dakota where his son,
Reuben, is now located. So well does Mr.
Croman like that country, that he offers
his nice 200-acre farm, in Waterloo, for
sale at very low figures, and move there
in the spring.

Calvin Conklin, who, it will be remem-
bered went to California some time since,
has returned home. During his absence
he has seen many interesting things among
others he witnessed the driving of the
golden spike on the North-
ern Pacific Railroad. He took a trip up
the coast which he enjoyed very much.
About the month of December he will
take a trip to Florida.

BORN.

CHURCHILL.—In this village, on Sun-
day, Oct. 21, '83, to Mr. & Mrs. Matteson
Churchill, a nine pound boy.

Let us hope that the little stranger will
gladden the hearts of the happy parents
for many years to come.

DIED.

WOOD.—On Friday, Oct. 19, '83, at the
residence of his son, James P., of old
age, Ira Wood, aged 80 years, 8 mo.,
and 28 days.

Watches & Clocks

Never has our Watch and Clock trade
been so large as in the past few months
and it is the more gratifying to know that
our increased sales are owing largely to
the fact that every Watch and Clock we
have sold has given PERFECT satisfac-
tion and that our prices are admitted by
every one to be the lowest. With these
assurances from those who have purchas-
ed of us, we feel confident in making the
claim that with the largest assortment of
Watches and Clocks in the county, we
can offer unusual inducements to custom-
ers desiring to purchase a reliable time-
keeper to buy of us.

We handle the best goods and give a
POSITIVE guarantee.

GLAZIER, DePuy & Co.

There are many Michigan people who
contemplate investing in orange lands or
groves at Altamont this fall when the
Florida excursion reaches there. The Al-
tamont Real Estate Agency (all well-
known Michigan men), will have for sale,
not only their own lands, but desirable
property of all kinds at owner's prices.
Messrs. E. H. Glover, of Jackson, and L.
D. Whitney, of Chelsea, are in Altamont
now to prepare for the excursion. Mr.
B. S. Ashley, of Jackson, will take charge
of the excursion. These gentlemen will
be ready to show our folks anything they
may wish in the real estate line. All prop-
erty at or near Altamont has advanced
100 per cent. in the last year, and com-
petent judges say the rise has but fairly be-
gun. As a safe and profitable investment
good orange property can not be equalled
in this country. Mr. Ashley will give all
information desired in regard to the ex-
cursion if parties interested will write him.

Notices in this space will be inser-
ted at ten cents per line.

A Farm For Sale one mile east of
Lyndon Centre, and two miles west of
North Lake, containing 123 acres. A
good orchard on the place. For informa-
tion apply to R. Kempf, Geo. H. Foster,
or on the premises. W. R. Purchase.

For Sale! My place two miles south
of Sylvan Centre, consisting of four acres
of land, house and barn, good well and
cistern, and a good orchard of apple and
peach trees in bearing. Inquire of Wm.
Riemenschneider, Francisco, Mich.

11* Vernon Collins.

Notice! The firm heretofore existing
as Chandler & Drislane has by mutual
consent dissolved. All persons having
claims against the firm, and those owing
us will please call and settle before Nov. 1.
Mr. Chandler will continue the business
at the old stand.

We have a nice assortment of New
and second hand carriages that we will
dispose of at BOTTOM PRICES.

Chandler & Drislane.

Ladies! We have now in stock over
200 Cloaks, Jackets, Dolmans, Russian
Circulars, etc., varying in price from \$5
to \$40.00, and have fitted up a room up-
stairs and can now show them with pleas-
ure. Remember you can do better with us
than to go away from home.

Respectfully, H. S. Holmes.

Canfield delivers meats, vegetables etc.,
free to any part of the village. Give him
a call and judge of his merits.

Rooms to rent over Parker & Babcock's
store. Enquire of C. E. Babcock.

For Sale! Two desirable houses and
lots at from \$500 to \$800 each, on easy
terms. Enquire of U. H. Townsend, or
at the office of R. Kempf & Bro.

NEWS OF THE WEEK.

WASHINGTON.

SHERMAN'S STAFF.
Gen. Sherman has selected Col. Tourtelatte and Col. Bacon as members of his staff to remain with him in St. Louis after being relieved from command of the army, and until he is placed on the retired list. Gen. Poe of his staff will resume his duties in the engineer corps, and Gen. Tidball, another aid-de-camp, has been assigned to command at the artillery school at Fort Monroe.

A CLERK'S INVENTION.

A. H. Doan, a clerk in the Pension Office, has invented a method of displaying weather signals in the country for the benefit of farmers which may be adopted by the Signal Service Bureau. It provides for a system of the signal flags to be known as farmers' signal flags, which are to be displayed from the sides of United States mail cars which pass rapidly and continuously over the country on the great network of tracks. The flags will signal information as follows: White, meaning clear weather; blue flag, fair weather; red, doubtful weather, and black stormy weather, or high winds. Signals can be ordered up from Washington by telegraph, and the cost of the entire system, it is said, will be insignificant.

CONCERNING MICHIGAN.

The postoffice department has ordered the following star schedules to go into effect October 24: Route from Butler to Quincy—Leave Butler Wednesdays and Saturdays at 11:00 a. m., and arrive at Quincy 1:30 p. m.; leave Quincy Wednesdays and Saturdays at 3:30 p. m., and arrive at Butler 6 p. m. From Quincy to Birch Run—Leave Taymouth Wednesdays and Saturdays at 2 p. m., and arrive at Birch Run by 3:30; leave Birch Run Wednesdays and Saturdays at 6 p. m., arrive at Taymouth by 7:30 p. m.

THE MONEY VALUE OF HIS CHARACTER.

N. W. Fitzgerald, pension claim agent, lately arraigned and fined in the Washington police court for an assault, has brought a libel suit against the Cincinnati Commercial Gazette company and its Washington correspondent, H. V. Boynton, for \$100,000, and another suit against the St. Louis Globe-Democrat and its Washington correspondent, C. J. Murray, for \$50,000, for publications which he claims have damaged his character and his business.

A COMPROMISE.

The claim of the United States against the Central Pacific Railway Company, pending for some time in the courts of California for a large amount of internal revenue taxes, has been compromised. The terms of the compromise are that the railway company shall pay the government \$69,000 and costs of the pending suit, and relinquish the claim against the government for \$26,516 on account of interest alleged to have been unlawfully paid January 1.

ANNUAL PENSION REPORT.

The report of the commissioner of pensions for the fiscal year ended June 30, 1883, shows that there were 303,658 pensioners on the roll at the end of the fiscal year. During the year the names of 76, whose pension had been dropped previously, were restored to the roll making 38,958 pensions added during the year, an excess of 10,645 over the preceding year. The average annual value of each pension is \$106 and the aggregate annual value of all pensions \$32,245,192, an increase of \$2,904,090. The amount paid for pensions is \$61,064,009, exceeding the annual value by several million dollars. The bulk of this excess was on account of arrears of pensions, covering the period prior to the allowance of claims. The appropriation for salary and fees to pension agents was exhausted, and there is a balance due agents. The whole number of claims filed since 1881 was 886,137, of which 510,938 were allowed. During the same time \$621,073,297 was paid for pensions and costs of disbursements. An examination showed that 204,299 cases were delayed by claimants, 9,935 by adjutant general's office, 2,903 by the surgeon general's office, and 23,523 by the pension office, but a large proportion of cases delayed in the pension office at the hands of special examiners or the board of review, leaving but 8,161 in course of examination, most of which have been recently filed.

DUDLEY'S REPORT.

Gen. Dudley, commissioner of pensions, in his report, takes up the question of the practices of claim agents with pensioners, and says that the evils of which complaint has been made have greatly increased, and that the present condition calls for immediate action by Congress. He says the business has attracted to it many ignorant and unscrupulous persons whose only object seems to be to procure applications from pensioners, and then assiduously dun the claimants until a \$10 fee is secured, and thereafter practically abandon the case like a squeezed orange.

NEWS NOTES.

PHILADELPHIA STREET-CAR ACCIDENT.

The jury in the Philadelphia street car accident returned a verdict declaring the Union Passenger Railway Company liable for running passenger cars with one person in the capacity of driver and conductor. Peter Schultz, driver of the car, was criminally censurable. Frank Bird, engineer of the train, was criminally censurable for running the train, and the Philadelphia & Reading Railroad Company for scheduling their time at a faster rate of speed within the city limits than allowed by the ordinance. The railroad company was also censured for employing an incompetent fireman.

A CIVIL RIGHTS CASE.

Theresa W. B. King (colored) was refused admission to public school No. 5, Brooklyn, and directed to attend colored school No. 1. She applied for a mandamus to compel principal Gallagher to admit her to No. 5. Chief Justice Nelson of the city court, Brooklyn, after full argument, refused the writ. The general term of the city court affirmed that decision and now the court of appeals has affirmed the lower courts. Two points were principally argued, one that the exclusion was in violation of the fourteenth amendment to the constitution of the United States, and the other that it was opposed to the civil rights act of New York passed in 1873. The defendant contended that it was not in violation of either, and that equal facilities for the education of a child were afforded in the colored schools, and consequently there was no discrimination against her in assigning her to such colored school.

SAN FRANCISCO SHAKEN.

An earthquake occurred in San Francisco a few nights ago. It was the heaviest experienced since 1868. Buildings rocked, metallic roofs were cracked and many persons rushed half-dressed from their houses and hotels. The recollection of its being within one day of the anniversary of the earthquake of 1868 seemed to increase the fears, and many people walked the streets all night in preference to returning to the houses. Earthquakes are reported to have occurred during the night and morning at several places along the coast. The weather is oppressive.

SHIVERS OF THE QUEER.

Secret service officials report the arrest at Grand Forks, D. T., of three men supposed to have been engaged in printing and circulating spurious ten-dollar silver certificates. The chase made by the secret service was a prolonged one. It was learned that various parties on the line of the Northern Pacific Railway had been victimized, and following the clue the Federal detectives were led to suspect a man named James McGovern, a timber explorer who made his headquarters at Duluth, Minn. Three or four bills were heard of at Grand Forks, D. T., where they had been passed by a saloon-keeper named Chas. Chambers, who had recently removed from Duluth and

started a grocery in partnership with McGovern. Chambers was immediately jailed at Duluth, and a man named Walters, also put under suspicion, was taken to St. Paul. By searching the grocery all the paraphernalia for carrying on counterfeiting was discovered, and also four copper plates for printing five and ten dollar bills on the bank of Montreal. The latter plates are fine ones, and mortised in such a manner that the check numbers and bank officials' signatures could be changed at any time. Upon making this find McGovern was arrested, and the property seized and turned over to the district attorney at St. Paul. Detectives relate that Chambers is a fine penman, and formerly employed in the Canadian Pacific railroad offices. Walters is a native of Quebec where his mother lives. McGovern came from Montreal, where he is known to be respectably connected, his brother having held high municipal and government positions.

A FRIGHTFUL ACCIDENT.

Mr. Troungert, a section boss on the Milwaukee & St. Paul Road, his wife and baby accompanied by his daughter, Mrs. Troungert and her husband and child were riding on a hand car near Waukan, Wis. The hat of Mrs. Troungert blew off, and in attempting to grasp it her baby slipped out of her hands in front of the car. The child caught in the gear wheels and was instantly killed. The car was thrown from the track, and those upon it hurled some distance. Both women were probably fatally injured, and the other child will die.

BADLY BRUISED.

A train on the Southwest Road was approaching Lemont station, four miles north of Uniontown Penn., when it was run into by an engine at a furnace siding, with terrible effect. The regular engineer was not on duty, and the little furnace donkey was being manned by a young man, who seems to have known nothing about his business, and was running at a rapid rate toward the crossing, when he saw a collision would be inevitable unless he checked up. Instead of staying at his post and stopping the engine, as the passengers say he could have done, he reversed the brakes and leaped off, letting the engine go crashing broadside into the middle of the passenger train. There were eighteen persons in the car, and the scene was frightful. Men, women and children were knocked out of their seats in every direction, and few escaped being mangled, bruised or scalded. The car took fire instantly and was wrapped in flames almost before the passengers could be gotten out. It was entirely consumed. Most of the passengers were bespattered with blood and soot, but miraculously as it may seem, no-one was killed.

ONE UNFORTUNATE'S STORY.

Helyn Leonard, the young woman who shot and seriously wounded Mrs. Clarence Smith, in New York city several weeks ago, was convicted of assault in the second degree and sentenced to the penitentiary for three and a half years. The young woman became an orphan early, was educated in a convent in Canada, later was a governess in Cuba, and later still became identified with a wealthy man here, who abandoned her. She charged the abandonment to the influence of the woman whom she shot. Then followed arrest, imprisonment, trial, conviction and sentence.

AN UNEXPECTED LOOP-HOLE.

Suspensions for some time have existed that many Chinese have been permitted to land from Chinese steamers who under the restrictions set were not entitled to that privilege. A loophole was discovered to exist under article 2 of the treaty which permits any Chinaman other than laborers to come to the United States if provided with a certificate issued by the Chinese government identifying him as engaged in other pursuits than that of laborer. The steamer Rio Janeiro, which arrived at San Francisco the other day, brought 132 Chinamen for San Francisco, 77 of whom held traders' certificates issued by officials of the Chinese government. Notwithstanding the strongest external evidence of their being ignorant Chinese laborers they were all with the exception of six, permitted to land. The steamer Coptic, which arrived last month, brought 114 Chinese, 54 of whom held similar certificates issued by officials of Chinese customs. Fully 90 per cent. of both lots belong to the common class of workmen. When that circumstance was called to the attention of custom house officials, the reply was that they had no power to go back of the Chinese government's certificate.

A PLEASANT REUNION.

The 16th annual reunion of the Army of the Tennessee was held in Cleveland, Ohio, a few days ago. The attendance was large, showing that the patriotism of the men was deep-seated and sincere. Gen. Sherman as president of the society, made one of his characteristic and thrilling speeches. The reunion closed with the usual banquet.

AFTER ONE HUNDRED YEARS.

The celebration of the centennial of the disbanding of Washington's army was celebrated at Newburg, N. Y., October 18. The city was thronged with visitors, and decked out in her gayest attire. A procession four miles long, paraded the city, and halted in front of Washington's headquarters, where the exercises of the day took place. Eloquent addresses were delivered by Senator Bayard and William M. Everts. A hallicuh chorus was given after the oration by a choir of over 500 voices, after which the great crowd scattered to the music of bands.

THE HERO OF "CHICKAMAUGA."

Gen. James B. Steedman died at his home in Toledo, O., on the 18th inst. of pneumonia, after a protracted illness. The deceased was a prominent army officer during the war of the rebellion and was made Major-General for conspicuous bravery at the battle of Chickamauga. At the time of his death Gen. Steedman held the position of Chief of Police at Toledo. His age was 67.

"OKLAHOMA" PAYNE AGAIN.

The federal grand jury found a true bill against D. L. Payne, better known as "Oklahoma Payne," for conspiracy to violate the laws of the United States. Payne says he desires a speedy trial and declares that there is no case against him, as everything in the way of preparation for entering Indian territory and marching to Oklahoma has been heretofore many ways, and that he invariably notified the United States attorney and asked him to interfere, if he proposed to, when they reached the state line, and not wait till they reached Oklahoma.

IS ALL GOLD THAT GLITTERS?

Intense excitement prevails at Lisbon, D. T., over the discovery of gold. H. W. Griswold, of Chicago, made the discovery on his place near here two months ago. He had 130 samples assayed and the result showed from \$20 to \$250 per ton. The matter was kept quiet until Griswold had secured all the land in the vicinity. There is great excitement in that part of the country. Crowds are leaving for the scene of the discovery.

SERIOUS ACCIDENT.

A platform crowded with spectators watching the scrub races at Harvard, on the Charles river, broke down. Several persons were seriously injured, having legs and arms broken. Most of the injured are Harvard men. A student named Mead, of 18 South Boston, class of '82, had his skull fractured. The crews were getting into line for the start. About 150 students had crowded to the front of the two balconies which stood out from the river front of the Harvard boat-house, about an equal number on each balcony. All were pressing forward to see the race, when both balconies gave way, precipitating many into the river, while many others standing on the lower balcony were pinned down and bruised by the fall of the upper balcony upon them. Fortunately there was but half a tide, so that those who fell into the river escaped with a wetting. As quickly as possible the upper platform was

raised and several men were released in a more or less injured condition and carried into the boat-house.

POLITICAL.

THE RESULT OF AN OPERATOR'S NEGLIGENCE.
A terrible accident occurred on the East Tennessee, Virginia & Georgia Railroad. Two freight trains, while running at a high speed, collided, four miles west of Cleveland, which resulted in the death of Engineer John Barley, Fireman Wm. Campbell and Brakeman Lee Fireman. A telegraph order was sent to Cleveland ordering the east bound train to await the arrival of the west bound train at Cleveland, but the operator neglected to deliver the order, though the conductor was in the telegraph office. The trains met in a deep cut, and the engines were within a few feet of each other before the terrible fact was known to either engineer. The engines were nearly demolished and several cars were damaged. The dead and wounded were taken care of as well as possible. It was nearly daylight before the news of the accident was made known at Cleveland. The operator was one of the most trustworthy on the line.

BLAINE AND LINCOLN.

The republican county convention held at Norfolk, Va., the other day unanimously passed resolutions declaring Blaine their choice for president and Lincoln for vice-president. When the vote was taken the colored delegates rose in their seats and sent up cheer after cheer. Congressman Dezenford was a prominent factor in the convention, and his and Manoe's relations to the convention give it almost a national importance, when the situation of parties at Washington is considered.

CRIME.

STRANGE SUICIDE.

There was a startling sensation in Upper Sandusky, Ohio, a few nights ago, in the deliberate suicide of Fowler Berry, senior partner of the dry goods firm of Berry & Co. He dressed himself in the afternoon in his wedding suit, preparatory to starting at night for Cincinnati, where, it is said, arrangements were being made for his marriage to an estimable young lady of that city. About six o'clock in the evening he walked into his store, and after all were gone to supper, bolted the front door, went to the carpet room up stairs, and, laying his head upon a small roll of carpeting, sent a ball through his brain. A note was found stating that he (deceased) was all ready for his coffin. When the news was carried to his parents the scene was heartrending. The cause of the rash act is unknown. He was a young man of fine business qualifications and irreproachable character.

TWO NOTORIOUS BURGLARS.

John Irving and John Walsh, two of the most notorious burglars in the United States, shot and killed each other in a saloon in New York City the other day. They had a bitter quarrel, and once before attempted to take each other's life.

TO AVENGE HIS SISTER'S HONOR.

Crice Lischy, colored United States mail carrier at Nashville, Tenn., met Ym. McBride, colored, charged him with seducing his sister. McBride gave Lischy the lie, upon which he shot him in the right arm. The arm was amputated and McBride died to death.

TORTURED AND ROBBED.

Masked men entered the house of Edward McLaughlin in Joliet, Ill., tortured the farmer and his wife until they disclosed the hiding place of \$1,000 in gold, and departed leaving the victims very nearly dead.

A BANK OFFICIAL'S MISERY.

The United States grand jury has indicted Kirtland Fitch, defaulting cashier of the Warren, Ohio, Second National bank, for "embezzling, abstracting and willfully misapplying the funds of a national bank while one of its officers," and for perjury in false swearing to the quarterly return required of national banks. Fitch lost in speculation about \$80,000 of the bank's money and fled, but was captured, brought back last August and since then has been constructively under arrest, although permitted to live at a hotel instead of being locked in jail. The United States marshal took him to Cleveland on a capias and lodged him in prison. Bail was fixed at \$50,000. The highest penalty for his offense is five years in the penitentiary.

A BRUTAL MURDER.

Zora Burns, who had been employed as a domestic in the family of Orrin A. Carpenter, a prominent and wealthy resident of Lincoln, Ill., was found dead near the outskirts of the city a short time ago, her body bearing all the evidence of a desperate murder. Her throat had been cut from ear to ear, her skull crushed in and her arms bore evidence that she had had a fierce struggle with her assailant. Ever since the discovery of her body the entire community, aided by detectives, have been in search of her murderer. It was learned that she had been engaged to a young farmer named Dukes, and suspicion pointed somewhat toward him, but a chain of apparently eliminating circumstances have been drawn round her former employer, Carpenter, which resulted in his arrest. Investigation disclosed that Zora had left his employ and returned to the home of her father, in a village near Lincoln, and on the day preceding her death went to Lincoln, and paid a visit to Carpenter's office, remaining with him an hour alone. He was the only person she visited, so far as known. As to the nature of her visit Carpenter related a story plainly denied by the facts subsequently disclosed. It was also discovered that the dead girl was quite, and the testimony of various parties tended to show that he had supplied the girl with money and had written her various letters.

FOREIGN AFFAIRS.

MUTINOUS CONVICTS.

One hundred and fifty Ananite convicts erecting a light-house of the Island of Poolo Condr, mutilated, murdered a Frenchman and a native warden and seriously injured another Frenchman. Sixty convicts seized arms and stores and escaped in boats. The others fled to the woods and hills.

TWENTY MINERS KILLED.

An explosion, caused by a blast shot, occurred at Wharfedale Colliery in Yorkshire, resulting in the death of twenty miners.

RITS OF NEWS.

The drought lost 16,000,000 bushels of corn to Kansas, but she will have 190,300,000 after all, a gain of 4,000,000 over last year.

Baltimore is to have a permanent exposition building constructed of brick, iron and marble, to cost \$500,000.

Misses Alice and Annie Longfellow, daughters of the poet, have gone abroad to study.

Six young ladies are students in the London college of chemistry, preparing themselves to become druggists.

Already several hints of improper pensions have been reported to the officials since the pension list was published.

Rev. Joseph Cook was badly beaten by a gang of roughs who boarded a train on which he was traveling to fill a lecture engagement.

Twenty-three horses belonging to a Cincinnati brewery were instantly killed, by inhaling the fumes of heated ammonia.

For the week ending October 13, the issue of standard silver dollars was 439,999; for the corresponding period last year 73,000 were issued.

Hon. Benj. Butterworth has accepted the position of commissioner of patents.

Gov. Murray of Utah, in speaking of the Mormon problem, urges congress to take step immediately to secure good government and not rely upon time and railroads to effect reform.

The New York courts have given Charles Cooke, a 13-year-old boy, a \$5,000 verdict against his employers, in whose machinery he lost three fingers.

In spite of William K. Vanderbilt's losses, he has \$8,000,000 and the old man to fall back on. Alleged, that Gov. Crittenden of Missouri is to be indicted for the illegal practices by which the grasp of the law was loosened from the throats of the gamblers of St. Louis.

Iowa has just discovered that she has received 300,000 acres of public lands more than belonged to her, and when the thing is settled up there will be a great shaking of titles in some cases.

The Brooklyn bridge has settled four feet since its opening.

Trains leave Toledo, some by Ann Arbor time, some by Columbus, some by Chicago, and some by Toledo time.

Charles Dudley Warner, one of America's most charming serial writers, will contribute to the November Century an article on the "Bull Fight," with illustrations drawn from life by Robert Blum.

W. K. Lewis, a prominent Democratic politician of West Virginia and a member of the legislature killed a man in a quarrel over some game both laid claim to in the woods and fled.

Edward G. Walker, the colored man whom Gov. Butler appointed justice of Charleston, and whose appointment the executive council refused to confirm because he had been arraigned in court on a charge of drunkenness, says the charge is false, and that the records of the alleged arraignment are forgeries.

Commissioner of Railroads Armstrong, in his report in regard to the Pacific roads, recommends that the government authorize the construction of a road through the Yellowstone Park.

George Stellwagner, only 21 years old, has been sentenced by a New York court to 12 years imprisonment in the penitentiary for robbing passengers on the Rockaway railroad in August last.

John C. Nex, assistant secretary of the treasury is of the opinion that President Arthur will be his own successor.

Mr. Dike, a Vermont divine, who has been gathering statistics, says that the number of divorces in the northern states has more than doubled in the last 20 or 30 years.

A son of Senator Voorhees, of Indiana, who has for some time been living in New York, has become deranged, and has been sent to a place of safety.

Charles E. Burdette, a brother of the humorist, called by Yura, India, a few days ago, to engage in missionary work.

Senator Bayard does not regard Gen. Butler as a true Democrat, and says the Democratic party cannot trust a man who so treacherously betrayed the party in 1861.

After all, Brooklyn bridge threatens to be an obstruction. A large bark barked its upper works there the other day, with a crash that startled the crossers on the bridge. She lost her top-gallant mast. The same day a three-masted vessel also struck the bridge and shivered her timbers, as the sailors say.

J. C. Charo, mayor of Baton Rouge, who started the first daily paper in Louisiana out of New Orleans, the Baton Rouge Reporter, in 1849, has just died aged 57.

FR the pension list just published it is learned that several persons who have been dead several years are drawing their pensions with surprising regularity.

A. F. Blandell manager of the Nebraska Telephone company, has absconded with \$1,400 of the company's money.

It cost Missouri \$10,000 to vindicate Colonel Frank James.

San Francisco is trying to prevent the landing of lepers from the Sandwich Islands.

One hundred and twenty-nine life convicts have entered the prison in Joliet, Ill., since 1858, and fifty-three are still in.

Foreign capitalists have it at bought a large tract of timber land in southeastern Arkansas, said to contain 460,000,000 feet of timber.

Two Republican and two Democratic members of the new congress have died since their election.

One hundred thousand children earn their own living in New York City.

Nashville, Tenn., is agitating the cent question. The smallest coin in circulation in that city is the five cent piece, and shopkeepers are beginning to see the folly of keeping out the one cent piece.

One dry goods merchant estimates his losses at \$4 to \$5 a day on account of failure to make exact change.

Tennessee papers are appealing to the Legislature to enact a dog tax law and a fence law at its next session.

Trichinosis still continues to spread in Saxony.

Alexander Dumas, the author, is seriously ill, and his life is despaired of.

Two men were arrested in Halifax the other day, on whose persons were found dynamite cartridges and in their rooms two valves one containing 40 pounds of dynamite and the other 60 pounds.

Irish-American friends of O'Donnell, the murderer of Carey, held a large meeting at Chicago and adopted resolutions recognizing O'Donnell's alleged rights as an American citizen.

Miles Ogle, a notorious counterfeiter, was released at the end of an eight years' sentence at Pittsburgh, and at once re-arrested on a similar charge.

The United States received 147 awards at the London fisheries exhibition, gold, silver and bronze medals, diplomas and money.

Fire at Nantes, France, destroyed the magazine where the government munitions were stored. The loss was over a million francs.

For the first time since 1874, Jupiter was observed a few nights ago without a satellite. The first time this remarkable circumstance was noticed was in 1881, and it will not occur again until July, 1891.

Near Connelville, Pa., Miss Curran and three children named Dan and Mary Farrell and Alice King were struck by a railroad train, killing two of the children and badly injuring Miss Curran and the other child.

Jutta Hawthorne's daughter, 11 years of age, runs a mile in seven minutes three times a week for exercise.

Mrs. Ritchie, a daughter of Thackeray, contributes a sketch of Tennyson to the Christmas number of Harper's Magazine.

The decision of the supreme court on the civil rights bill relate only to the states, and does not apply to the territories or the District of Columbia, where the power of congress is unlimited.

Candidates for speaker and clerk of the next house of representatives are already in Washington preparing for a vigorous campaign.

Edward Hunter, the oldest Mormon of the gang, and the head bishop of the Mormon church, is dead, aged 94.

Maria McCabe, an unmarried girl of Hamilton, Ont., has been sentenced to be hanged for drowning her infant.

A rich deposit of ore is said to have been discovered in northern Wisconsin.

Alegro, near Brescia, Italy, has been almost entirely destroyed by fire. One thousand persons are homeless.

The anniversary of the surrender of Barycz was celebrated at Schuyerville, N. Y., Oct. 17 with imposing ceremonies.

Official returns from Iowa give Sherman, Republican, a majority over Kincaid, Democrat, for Governor of 25,127. No change in the composition of the Legislature.

Two thousand dollars were stolen from a safe of the Canadian express office at Hope, Ont.

William H. Vanderbilt was driving in Central Park New York, the other day when his vehicle collided with one driven by Robert B. Vanderbilt, who was thrown from his seat and seriously injured.

Missionary Shaw, whom the French treat so outrageously at Tamatave, has obtained indemnity of \$12,000 against the French government.

Joseph P. Hale, manufacturer of the well known Hale piano, is dead.

Mrs. Miller, mother of the poet, Jonathan Miller, a woman 60 years old, has married a son, her hand, aged 32, at Portland, Oregon.

Elder Palmer is announced to have returned to Salt Lake City with 30 fools gathered from Michigan and Indiana, and full of wrath at the saloons.

James Kelley, a veteran switchman at Cleveland, was saying his prayers at his post, last day evening, when a train came along and struck him dead.

A peasant named James Yeglof has just died at Odessa, Russia, aged 147 years. His son is still alive at the age of 112. He has a grandson of 85, and a great grandson of 70 years.

The original draft of the civil rights act, which has just been declared unconstitutional, was made by the late Senator Charles Sumner of Massachusetts.

AN IMPORTANT CIVIL RIGHTS DECISION.

The Famous "Force Bill" Declared Unconstitutional.

CIVIL RIGHTS CASES SETTLED.

One of the most important decisions rendered by the Supreme court of the United States was that in five cases, commonly known as the civil rights cases, which were submitted to the court on printed arguments about a year ago, which they came are as follows: No. 1, United States against Murray Stanley, from the United States circuit court for the district of Kansas; No. 2, United States against Michael Ryan, from the United States circuit court for the district of California; No. 3, United States against Samuel Nichols, from the United States circuit court for the western district of Missouri; No. 4, United States against Samuel Singleton, from the United States circuit court for the southern district of New York; and No. 5, Richardson A. Robinson and wife against the Memphis and Charleston railroad company, from the United States circuit for the district of Tennessee. The cases were all based on the first and second sections of the civil rights act of 1875, and were respectively prosecutions under that act for not admitting certain colored persons to equal accommodations and privileges in inns or hotels, in railroad cars, in theaters. The defense set up in every case was the unconstitutionality of the law. The first and second sections of the act, which are the parts directly in controversy, are as follows:

SECTION 1. That all persons within the jurisdiction of the United States shall be entitled to full and equal enjoyment of accommodations, advantages, facilities and privileges of inns, public conveyances on land and water, theaters, and other places of public amusement, subject only to conditions and limitations established by law and applicable alike to citizens of every race and color, regardless of any previous condition of servitude.

The second section provides that any person who violates the first section shall be liable to forfeit \$500 for each offense, to be recovered in a civil action, and also to a penalty from \$50 to \$1,000 fine or imprisonment from 30 days to a year to be enforced in a criminal proceeding. Exclusive jurisdiction is given to district circuit courts of the United States in cases arising under the law. The rights and privileges claimed by and denied to the persons in these cases were full and equal accommodations in hotels, in ladies' cars or railway trains and in dress circles in theaters. The court in a long and carefully prepared opinion by Justice Bradley, holds, first, that congress has no constitutional authority to pass the section in question under the 13th or 14th amendment to the constitution; second that the 14th amendment is prohibitory upon states only and that legislation authorized to be adopted by congress for enforcing the amendment is no direct legislation on matters respecting which states are prohibited from making or enforcing certain laws or doing certain acts, but is corrective legislation necessary or proper for counteracting and redressing the effect of such law or acts; that in forbidding state action, it was not intended to give congress power to provide due process of law for the protection of life, liberty and property, which would embrace almost all subjects of legislation, but to provide modes of redress for counteracting the operation and effect of state laws noxious to prohibition; third, that the 13th amendment gives no power to congress to pass the sections referred to, because that amendment relates only to slavery and involuntary servitude, which it abolishes and gives congress power to pass laws for its enforcement; that this power only extends only to the subject matter of the amendment itself, namely, slavery and involuntary servitude and necessary incidents and consequences of those conditions that it has nothing to do with different races or colors, but only refers to slavery, the legal equality of different races and classes of citizens being provided for in the 14th amendment, which prohibits states from doing anything which infringes of the 13th amendment to refuse any person equal accommodations and privileges at an inn or place of public entertainment, however it may be violative of legal rights; that it imposes upon him no burden of slavery or involuntary servitude, which is simply some sort of subjection of one person to another and in a capacity incident thereto, such as in slavery, to hold property, to make contracts, to be parties in court, etc., and that if the original civil rights act which abolished these incapacities might be supported by the 13th amendment it does not, therefore, follow that the act of 1875 can be supported by it; fourth, that this decision affects only the validity of the law in states and not in territories or the district of Columbia, where the legislative power of congress is unlimited, and it does not undertake to decide what congress might or might not do under the power to regulate commerce with foreign nations and amongst several states, the law not being therefore with any such views; fifth, that

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Michigan Central Time Card.

Passenger Trains on the Michigan Central Railroad will leave Chelsea Station as follows:

GOING WEST.
Mail Train.....9:45 A. M.
Grand Rapids Express.....6:12 P. M.
Jackson Express.....8:18 P. M.
Evening Express.....10:33 P. M.
GOING EAST.
Night Express.....6:54 A. M.
Jackson Express.....8:10 A. M.
Grand Rapids Express.....10:28 A. M.
Mail Train.....4:18 P. M.

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The Chelsea Herald,

IS PUBLISHED Every Thursday Morning, by Wm. Emmert Jr., Chelsea, Mich.

THURSDAY, OCT. 25, 1883.

CATHERINGS.

The will of the late R. A. Beal will be read Nov. 5.

Howell and Pinckney can now "hello" with each other.

Ann Arbor grape growers report half a crop of concord grapes.

Regular trains are now running between South Lyons and Pontiac.

L. Davis has been re-elected superintendent of the poor for three years.

Miss Margaret Humphreys, '82, will take Dr. Bilmeyer's place in the dental college.

The will of the Rev. F. Schmid was admitted to probate last week. The estate is valued at \$100,000.

The Toledo, Ann Arbor, and Northern Michigan Railroad, has given a trust deed for \$2,120,000.

Fourteen persons were sent from this county to the Eastern Michigan asylum for the insane, during the past year.

Spencer Crawford, colored, and a laborer by occupation, was on Wednesday elected janitor of the court house on the 5th ballot. Crawford will enter upon duty Jan. 1st.—Argus.

J. G. Heydlauff, of Munith, Waterloo township, brought to market Monday morning, the largest and choicest lot of butter brought here this season, about 700 pounds.—Grass Lake News.

SYLVAN NEWS.

A public sale at R. Cooper's Nov 7.

Mr. Ira Glover is still improving.

Geo. E. Davis is on the sick list this week.

Mrs. G. Lehman is on the sick list this week.

A nice time was had at the social at Mrs. M. Birchard's.

A party at Mr. J. Mashbach's Tuesday evening Oct. 23.

Mr. William Lohrer is having a drive well put down on his place.

Mr. M. Franklin and F. Riggs are in the far north killing the "dear."

A social at the house of Mr. J. Rowe, Wednesday evening Oct. 31. All are invited.

Katie and Emma Seabold of Woodland, Mich. are visiting friends in this vicinity.

Mr. James Guthrie is building the bridge known as the C. Pratt bridge south of this place.

At a meeting held in the school house Tue. evening Oct. 16 a club was organized which is to be known as the Sylvan Debating Club. Regular meetings will be held on Tuesday evening of each week. The following officers were elected. Pres. George Davis, Vice Pres. O. Boyd, Sec. Fred Herzer, Treas. J. Kalmbach. Committee on programme, F. Herzer, G. Beckwith, and John Kalmbach.

An Answer Wanted.

Can anyone bring us a case of Kidney or Liver complaint that Electric Bitters will not speedily cure? We say they can not, as thousands of cases already permanently cured and who are daily recommending Electric Bitters will prove. Bright's disease, Diabetes, Weak Back, or any urinary complaint quickly cured. They purify the blood, regulate the bowels, and act directly on the diseased parts. Every bottle guaranteed. For sale at 50c. a bottle by R. S. Armstrong.



STOVES!

We have the LARGEST and BEST assortment of Heating and Cooking stoves ever brought to Chelsea and at bottom prices. Do not buy till you have examined our stock. Also House furnishing goods of every description.

J. BACON & CO.

Just Received, a fine line of PHOTOGRAPH ALBUMS, AUTOGRAPH ALBUMS, AND SCRAP BOOKS!

They Are All Bargains!

Photograph Albums, from \$1.00 to \$5.00
Autograph " " " 5c. to 2.00
Scrap Books, from 10c. to 2.50

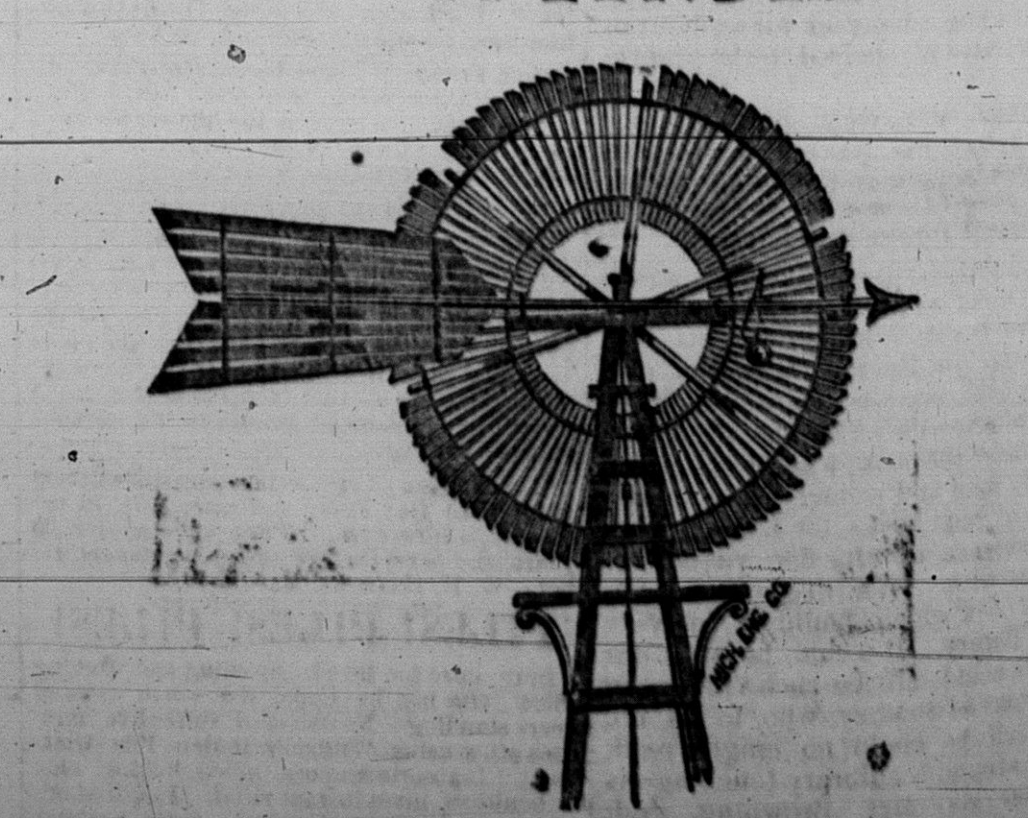
Puzzles' Games, Notions, Trinkets etc.

GLASS WARE!

Plain Sets, Frosted Sets, Fruit Stands, Cake Stands, Bread Plates, etc. These goods are all new.

"BAZAAR."

The OLD RELIABLE is the STAR WINDMILL,



—MANUFACTURED BY—
H. LIGHTHALL,
CHELSEA, MICH.

News From Florida.

ALTEMONTE, Fla., Oct. 17, '83.
FRIEND EMMERT:—

We arrived at Altomonte one week ago Saturday, and there over Sunday, and reached Altomonte Monday, having had a pleasant trip. Have been very busy here, which accounts for my not writing before, as I promised. Near everyone we became acquainted with south of Cincinnati, was bound for Florida. Some had orange groves had left for a few weeks, and are now returning to see them, and many others were coming here for the first time. Some were well enough, looking for a place to invest capital, or a place to make money, the sweat of their brow, while others were well along in consumption, and had said "good-bye" to their friends North, expecting it was their last earthly parting. I have seen many of the latter here who had been given up to die, and still live, I think, unless one is too far gone when he comes, he will disappoint his friends by meeting them in this side of the dark shadow, death!

The Florida rush is commencing this year than ever before, and prospects are that there will be a large number of people here this season there have ever been in the year. In fact, the Florida visit-doubles each winter. We meet here and then one who claims he is not like Florida, but these are such would not be satisfied anywhere, so we can do well without him here. As a general thing people who come here take into consideration the fact that this is a new country, compare the prospects here with those of other countries, and in finding the result, are content to wait a short time for the improvements and conveniences of settled countries,—are willing to wait ten years for an orange grove and are perfectly satisfied to raise their eyes and look beyond the pines and palmettoes, of the short present, the grand garden of orange, lemon, and fig trees, pine-apples, banana, grape-fruit etc., of the future, which will stand unequalled since the world began.

Mr. Dowig, of Jackson, who came here for his health, had a pretty good face all the way down and ridiculed the country until we got out here among the hills, when he tumbled down contented, hunted-up a building place for the winter, and is ready getting fleshy. Mr. Glover likes Altomonte, and so well is pleased that the only reason why he does not buy a thousand acres is lack of funds, but he is already raising for 200 acres. Mr. VanAntwerp, formerly a Chelsea man, is here, also, and thinks the chances are grand for good investments. I saw him riding with two young ladies the other day, but I promised to tell so this is only a—whisper.

I think some of your readers will be interested in a few figures, which will give. In Mrs. Cook's grove, among Mr. Fuller's, and also in Mr. Miller's grove, there are budded trees four and five years ago, that have from three hundred to five hundred oranges on each. This is not a very rare occurrence but can be done every year with the right kind of trees and good care. Two men from Maine bought a grove here three years ago for \$3,500. Since then they have paid out perhaps \$1,000 on it, and their grove is now worth \$15,000. I would easily bring that amount. Last winter, Mr. Miller, a man who was going to make Altomonte his permanent home, bought an undivided grove in a grove here for \$2,500. The price of it since then has cost \$900. The grove at a low value is now worth \$16,000. Mr. Miller bought a man who was compelled to sell,

and made a good bargain. My own grove, only 150 trees, which up to last winter had cost less than \$700, could have been sold then for \$1,500, and since I have been here this time I have refused \$2,500 for it. On the other hand there are other groves here that have been cared for by persons not thorough or responsible that are a failure, and always will be, unless they have good care. The case properly stated, is like this: An orange grove with poor care will always be a failure, while money invested in a grove with such care as Mr. R. D. Fuller gives it, will pay from 50 to 100 per cent. a year as certain as the sun rises and sets; and any money invested in good orange land in a location like Altomonte will double every two or three years if not oftener.

I have already made my letter too long and will only add that Mr. Glover and myself will be glad to answer any questions your readers may wish to ask in regard to this country, arrange lands etc., if they will address us here. L. D. WHITNEY.

LIMA ITEMS.

Mr. & Mrs. T. Morse spent last week in Chicago.

Rev. Giberson, of Henrietta, called on friends here, last week.

Miss Frankie Cooley spent last week at Grass Lake, with her sister, Mrs. J. Wood.

The neck tie social was a grand success. After supper, Messrs. Conk and Steinbach furnished the company some good music.

Stowell Wood's father died at Ann Arbor last Friday. The funeral services will be held here at the church one week from Sunday.

A certain young man should take his horse's feed with him when he goes to see his girl, as the girl's father was obliged to borrow corn the last time!

A Life Saving Present.
Mr. M. E. Allison, Hutchinson, Kan.: Saved his life by a single trial bottle of Dr. King's New Discovery, for Consumption, which caused him to procure a large bottle, that completely cured him, when doctors, change of climate and everything else had failed. Asthma, Bronchitis, Hoarseness, Severe Coughs, and all Throat and Lung diseases, it is guaranteed to cure. Trial bottles free at Armstrong's Drug Store. Large size \$1.00

PHOTOGRAPHS!
Secure the Shadows ere the Substance Perish!
All wishing anything in this line will do well by calling at the
Chelsea Art Gallery.
The Instantaneous Dry Plate Process is used which is especially adapted for CHILDREN AND GROUPS.
Style and finish of pictures equal to any IN THE COUNTRY!
Stereoscopic Views, of our own production, for sale. All work warranted to give perfect satisfaction. Call and
EXAMINE OUR WORK before going elsewhere.
E. E. SHAVER, Artist.

The Doctor's Endorsement.
Dr. W. D. Wright, Cincinnati, O., sends the subjoined professional endorsement: "I have prescribed Dr. Wm. Hall's Balsam for the Lungs in a great number of cases, and always with success. One case in particular was given up by several physicians who had been called in for consultation with myself. The patient had all the symptoms of confirmed consumption—cold night sweats, hectic fever, harassing cough, etc. He commenced immediately to get better, and was soon restored to his usual health. I have also found DR. WM. HALL'S BALSAM FOR THE LUNGS the most valuable expectorant for breaking up distressing coughs and colds that I have ever used."

Durno's Catarrh Snuff cures Catarrh and all affections of the mucous membrane.

DRAIN TO LET!

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that I, John Strahle, Township Drain Commissioner of the Township of Sylvan, in the County of Washtenaw, and State of Michigan, will, on the 2d day of November, A. D. 1883, at the house of **Gottlieb Wasser**, in said Township, at ten o'clock in the forenoon, meet parties for the purpose of letting contracts for the purpose of repairing a tile drain in said Township, known as **Goose Lake** ditch, commencing on the land of Hiram Fisk, in the northwest quarter of the southwest quarter of Section thirty-two (32), sixteen rods west of the highway running north and south, and running in an easterly direction to the highway; thence across the highway to the land of C. M. Gage and two rods into the land of said Gage in the northeast quarter of said southwest quarter of said Section. Also, commencing east quarter of said southwest quarter of said Section, on or near the line between the north and south half of said Section on the land of said Gottlieb Wasser and running in a northerly direction on the south half of the land of said Wasser, a distance of fifteen rods. The whole length to be repaired is thirty-seven rods and the work required is to lay another row of eight inch tile by the side of the row now in said drain.

And that I will then and there proceed to let contracts for said work and that the contracts will be let to the person or persons who will do the work according to the specifications thereof made by me, and now remaining in my office, for the least sum of money, and who will give adequate security for the performance of same within such time as shall be specified in such contracts respectively. I hereby reserve the right to reject any and all bids. Notice is also hereby given that at the time and place of letting of said contracts the assessments of benefits made by me, will be subject to review.

Dated this 15th day of October, A. D. 1883.

JOHN STRAHLE,

Township Drain Commissioner of the Township of Sylvan.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that John Strahle, Township Drain Commissioner, for the Township of Sylvan, in the County of Washtenaw, will, on the 31st day of October, A. D. 1883, at the house of **Burnet Steinbach**, in said Township, at ten o'clock in the forenoon, meet parties for the purpose of letting contracts for the construction of a drain in said Township, known as the **Steinbach** drain, commencing at a stake which is situated twenty-six chains and sixty links on a course bearing north ten degrees west from the south quarter post of Section number twelve (12) in Township Two South of Range Three, east (Sylvan), in the outlet of peat marsh ditch, thence north seventy-nine degrees and thirty minutes, west eighty-two links; thence south three chains and eight links to angle two; thence west twelve chains and eighty links, to angle number three; thence north seventy-two degrees, west two chains and eighty-six links to angle number four; thence north eighty-eight and one-half degree, west three chains and four links to angle number five (5); thence north four degrees and eighteen links to angle number six in the Garaghty ditch on the east three chains and ninety links to its end in the Garaghty ditch (12), northwest quarter of the southwest quarter of Section number twelve (12). The whole length of this drain is to be twenty-six chains and fifty-four links and is six feet wide and three feet deep with a batter of forty-five degrees, and two feet wide at the bottom.

And that I will then and there proceed to let contract for the construction of the same by sections as I have apportioned and divided the same, and that such contracts will be let to the person or persons who will do the work according to the specifications thereof made by me and now remaining in my office, for the least sum of money and who will give adequate security for the performance of the same within such time as shall be specified in the contracts respectively. I hereby reserve the right to reject any and all bids. Notice is also hereby given that at the same time and place, of said letting of contracts, the assessments of benefits made by me will be subject to review.

Dated this 15th day of October, A. D. 1883.

JOHN STRAHLE,

Township Drain Commissioner of the Township of Sylvan.

OVERCOATS!

The place to find CORRECT STYLES, the BEST GOODS for the money, and an ENDLESS VARIETY is at the

Star Clothing House

ANN ARBOR.

We never showed as good Garments for \$10.00 to \$15.00 as this season.

Boys' and Childrens' Overcoats in handsome Patterns.

A. L. NOBLE, Leading Clothier.

JOB PRINTING.

Pamphlets, Posters, Handbills, Circulars, Cards, Ball Tickets, Labels, Blanks, Bill-Heads and other varieties of Plain and Fancy Job Printing executed with promptness, and in the best possible style, at the HERALD OFFICE.

Bucklen's Arnica Salve.

THE BEST SALVE in the world for Cuts, Bruises, Sores, Ulcers, Salt Rheum, Fever Sores, Tetter, Chapped Hands, Chilblains, Corns, and all Skin Eruptions, and positively cures Piles. It is guaranteed to give perfect satisfaction, or money refunded. Price 25 cents per box. For sale by R. S. Armstrong. v18-52.

Positive Cure for Piles.

To the people of this County we would say we have been given the Agency of Dr. Marchisi's Italian Pile Ointment—emphatically guaranteed to Cure or money refunded—Internal, External, Blind, Bleeding or Itching Piles. Price 50c. a Box. No Cure, No Pay! For sale by R. S. ARMSTRONG, Druggist.

Commercial.

Home Markets.

BEANS—Unpicked are in good demand at \$1 50@1 75 per bu.
BARLEY—Is quiet at \$1 25@1 50 per cwt.
BUTTER—In good demand at 18c. per lb. for choice.
CORN—In the ear is steady and brings 35c. per bu. for old and new.
DRIED FRUITS—Apples, are in good demand at 7c. per lb. Peaches, per lb., 10c.
EGGS—Are in good demand at 18c.
HIDES—Bring 5 1/2c. @ 6c. per lb.
HOGS—Live—Dull, at \$4 00 per cwt.
LARD—Lard quiet at 11c. per lb.
OATS—Are steady, at 25c. @ 30c.
PORK—Dealers offer 11 cents per lb. for salt pork.
POULTRY—Turkeys, 8c. @ 12c. per lb., and Chickens at 8c. Ducks, 8c. Geese, 7c.
POTATOES—Bring 25c. per bu.
SALT—Remains steady at \$1 35 per bbl. Rock, \$1 75.
WHEAT—No. 1, white \$.95 per bu.

Legal.

STATE OF MICHIGAN, ss.
COUNTY OF WASHTENAW, ss.

At a session of the Probate Court for the County of Washtenaw, holden at the Probate Office in the city of Ann Arbor, on Saturday, the sixth day of October in the year one thousand eight hundred and eighty-three.

Present William D. Harriman Judge of Probate.

In the matter of the estate of Martha H. Royce deceased. Ora J. Royce and Estel A. Royce the administratrices of said estate, came into court and represent that they are now prepared to render their final account as such administratrices.

Thereupon it is ordered, that Saturday, the third day of November next, at ten o'clock in the forenoon, be assigned for examining and allowing such account, and that the heirs at law of said deceased, and all other persons interested in said estate, are required to appear at a session of said Court, then to be holden at the Probate Office, in the city of Ann Arbor, in said County, and show cause if any there be, why the said account should not be allowed: And it is further ordered that said Administratrices give notice to the persons interested in said estate, of the pendency of said account, and the hearing thereof, by causing a copy of this order to be published in the Chelsea HERALD, a newspaper printed and circulated in said county, three successive weeks previous to said day of hearing.

[A TRUE COPY.] WILLIAM D. HARRIMAN, W. G. DOTY, Judge of Probate. Probate Register. 633

"HISTORY IS THE BETTER HALF OF KNOWLEDGE." Medical Director Shippen's New Work

NAVAL BATTLES
OF THE WORLD.

History of Ancient Sea Fights. History of Modern Naval Battles. Historical History of Naval Architecture. Graphic descriptions of Salamis, Actium, Lepanto, the Vincible Armada, Nile, Trafalgar, Lake Erie, Navarino, Sinope, Lissa, New Orleans, Fort Fisher, Mobile Bay, Alexandria, and many others. The Lives and Works of Drake, Drake, Howe, Nelson, Paul Jones, Perry, Farragut, and other Naval Heroes and Sea Fighters. No other book in any language covers the same field. Dr. SHIPPEN'S great ability and success as the author are covered by all. A wonderful record of Patriotism and Valor, that will be read by old and young. Finely illustrated. Clear type. Good paper and binding. 728 pages. Price, \$3.50. Sent by mail, \$4.00. Agents Wanted. Descriptions and terms free. Address J. C. McFARLAND & CO., Philadelphia, Pa., Cincinnati, Ohio, Chicago, Ill., or St. Louis, Mo.

Nervous Exhaustion, Premature Decay, Loss of Manhood.

An 80-page Cloth-bound Book of Advice to Young or Middle-aged Men, with prescriptions for Self-treatment by a Regular Physician. SENT FREE on receipt of two three-cent stamps. Address T. WILLIAMS & CO., MILWAUKEE, WIS.



FREE!
RELIABLE SELF-CURE.

A favorite prescription of one of the most noted and successful specialists in the U.S. (now retired), for the cure of Nervous Debility, Lost Manhood, Weakness and Decay. Sent in plain sealed envelope free. Druggists can fill it. Address DR. WARD & CO., Ionia, Mich.

(Continued from last week.)

How Watch Cases are Made.

This process of manufacture was invented by James Boss, who started in business in 1854, and the methods and tools used in making these watch cases are covered by patents. This is the only watch case made under this process. For many years the introduction of these goods was slow, owing to popular prejudice against "plated" goods, but gradually the public learned that the James Boss' Gold Watch Case was not a cheap gold-washed or electro-plated article, but was made of genuine gold plates of standard quality and thickness. Conscientious adherence to the determination to make the best watch case ever put on the market, and the adoption of every improvement suggested, has made the James Boss' Gold Watch Case the STANDARD. In this watch case the parts most subject to wear—the bow, crown, hinges, thumb-catches, etc., are made of SOLID GOLD.

Send 2 cent stamp to Keystone Watch Case Factories, Philadelphia, Pa., for handsome illustrated Pamphlet showing how James Boss' and Keystone Watch Cases are made.

(To be continued.)

How Many Miles Do You Drive THE ODOMETER

Will Tell.

This instrument is no larger than a watch. It tells the exact number of miles driven to the 1-100th part of a mile; counts up to 1,000 miles; water and dust tight; always in order; saves horses from being over-driven; is easily attached to the wheel of a Buggy, Carriage, Sulky, Wagon, Road Cart, Plow, Reaper, Mower, or other vehicle. Invaluable to Livermen, Pleasure Drivers, Physicians, Farmers, Surveyors, Draymen, Expressmen, Stage Owners &c. Price only \$5.00 each, one-third the price of any other odometer. When ordering give size of the wheel. Sent by mail on receipt of price, post paid.

Address **McDonnell Odometer Co.** 2 North LaSalle St., Chicago. Send for Circular. Nov. 9

Scovill's Blood & Liver SYRUP.

A peerless remedy for Scrofula, White Swellings, Cancer, Erysipelas, Gout, Chronic Sores, Syphilis, Tumors, Carbuncles, Salt Rheum, Malaria, Bilious Complaints, and all diseases indicating an Impure Condition of the Blood, Liver, Stomach, Kidneys, Bowels, Skin, etc. This Grand Remedy is a Compound of vegetable extracts, the chief of which are SARSAPARILLA and STILLINGIA. The cures effected by SCOVILL'S BLOOD AND LIVER SYRUP are absolute, and their record is undisputed by failure. For sale by all Druggists.

Chelsea Herald.

WM. EMMERT, JR., Pub.

CHELSEA.

MICH.

TOPICS OF THE TIMES.

THE King of Siam, who is only a boy of twenty years, has allowed his finger nails, it is said, to grow until they are more than a foot in length. This deformity reduces the monarch to a state of absolute helplessness, and for that reason, probably, the Siamese regard long nails as one of the peculiar attributes of sovereignty.

THE bill granting the right of suffrage in Washington Territory appears to be in a fair way to become a law. Wyoming and Utah now have woman suffrage, but the operation of the law in those Territories has not been such as to make it desirable to extend the act elsewhere. Washington Territory will be knocking at the doors of Congress next winter for admission as a State, its population now being about five times greater than that of Oregon when it was organized as a State.

THE trustees of the Garfield National Monument Association invite an international competition, open to all artists, for a design for a monument in honor of the late President Garfield. For the design possessing the highest merit \$1,000 will be paid; for the second, \$750, and for the third, \$500. The amount is not to exceed in cost when completed the sum of \$150,000. It will be erected in Lake View Cemetery, Cleveland, on a commanding eminence. The monument is to be of granite, of approved quality and color, with emblems and statuary of bronze.

THE mystery of the whereabouts of Mary Churchill, the sixteen-year-old daughter of Colonel Churchill, of St. Louis, is still unsolved, and the father is issuing circulars yet to different parts of the country giving a description of the girl, with her portrait. The case is a pathetic one, in every respect. The girl has been missing now for two months. Unless she is in the power of unscrupulous persons, or is dead, she can end the suspense of her parents at any time. She is not so completely helpless as a child would be, even in the hands of abductors, and the supposition which her parents seem to indulge, that she has gone on the stage or is trying to get there, and still conceals herself from them, is one that could be welcome only to an agonized father and mother whose overwhelming desire is simply to find her alive. To others such cold-hearted indifference will seem almost incredible, and they will be inclined to believe that it is not in her power to communicate with her parents.

MISS JENNIE COLLINS, so well known in connection with Boffin's Bower, in Boston, has just sent out her thirteenth annual report. She gives many pitiful instances of the straits to which working women are reduced by the keen competition of trade, which keep wages down. In the course of the past year, she says, five young women in whom she was particularly interested died of consumption, and one committed suicide by drowning—all under twenty-five years of age. "They could earn from three to four dollars per week. It would be impossible for them to get twenty-one of the plainest meals for less than three dollars, consequently they had to resort to one meal, or a meal and a half, a day." Exhaustion and consumption soon followed. One item in the work of Boffin's Bower shows its usefulness to this unfortunate class. For nine years it has furnished free dinners to women out of employment during the hard part of the winter. During the past year 3,150 meals were furnished, and in many cases this dinner was the only meal they had during the day.

An intimate personal friend of Senator Anthony visited Washington recently. He said that the Senator was looking forward with some impatience to the reassembling of Congress, when he hopes to be able to take his seat in the Senate Chamber, where for a quarter of a century he has been a familiar figure. "I want to go to Washington and die in the harness," it is said, has been a frequent remark of Mr. Anthony since he rallied from his severe illness of last summer. "While Senator Anthony is likely to die suddenly any day," said his friend, "it is fairly probable that his desire to come to Washington and enter

formally upon his fifth term of service will be gratified. His friends all hope so and he seems to expect it. There is no man in the Senate now who was a member of it when he was sworn March 4, 1859, and of the eight Senators who began their first term of service on that day, he and Willard Saulsbury, of Delaware, are the only survivors. Robert Toombs and James Chesnut, jr., of South Carolina, who are both living, were sworn in on the same day, but Toombs had served one term of six years and Chesnut had already served one year under an appointment from the Governor of South Carolina. Judah P. Benjamin also is yet living and he began a new term in the Senate, March 4, 1859, but was not sworn until the following day. He was first elected for the term which he began March 4, 1853. Simon Cameron, Daniel Clark of New Hampshire, Clingman of North Carolina, Jefferson Davis, Lyman Trumbull, Hannibal Hamlin, Yulee, Harlan, Doolittle, Gwin and Henry M. Rice, of Minnesota are, the only other survivors of that Senate, which numbered sixty-two members.

A Dakota Liar's Very Worst.

Bismarck Tribune.

"Talkin' about high winds," said a seedy stranger to a crowd who were discussing the Rochester disaster. "Talkin' about high winds, that wasn't nothin'. Why out yar on the Tongue River in '69 I seed it blow so hard that it peeled the bark off'n every bush an' tree in the valley. It actually blew every drop o' water outen the river, and fur three days the cattish laid around under the stones with their tongues lollin' out a pantin' an' prayin' fur rain!"

When he had ceased a small man advanced toward him and said: "I'll bet that I prove you the biggest liar in America!" The stranger drew him aside and asked:

"Are you from Clay Co., Mo?"

"I am not."

"Ever live in Coffee Co., Ks?"

"Never did."

"Then yer assertion that I am a liar is entirely based on recent observation and not on previous knowledge o' my acquirements?"

"Entirely so."

"Then, pardner, I'm disappointed. You spoke so confident like that I thought you might 'a' knowed me down below and that I might get some late home news from you. Come up an' drink with the worst liar that ever helped to swell the tide o' Dakota immigration."

New Somewhere.

Travelers Magazine.

It was on the first train out of Joppa, and the pilgrims had only just pulled the peas out of their shoes when the fat Sheikh told up.

"I say, dog of a conductor, why don't you put the cow-catcher on the rear end of this train and keep the cows off?"

The other passengers roared, and the fat Sheikh shook his sides and repeated his joke, whereat the passengers roared again, and a woman of Samaria, who was going down to have her sandals half soled and heeled, observed between her screams of merriment that "it was pretty good."

"When I came up from Jerusalem," continued the fat Sheikh, emboldened by his former success. "I stopped at the restaurant for dinner. What do you think they had?"

All hands gave it up with suppressed enthusiasm.

"Boot leg far steak!" roared the Sheikh, "and doughnuts made of rubber! What do you think the pie was composed of?"

The woman of Samaria gave it up, imploring the Sheikh to be merciful.

"Spider webs, as hard as iron in the crust!" protested the fat Sheikh, and the yell of laughter told him that he had made another ten strike.

Abba Hassan approached the Sheikh with all the gravity he could assume and asked him to let up. It was too much, he said, and he hoped the Sheikh would forbear being funny any longer.

"That's all right," persisted the Sheikh, "but just as we rounded the shore of Galilee, the conductor noticed a tramp on the train. He put him off at four stations, and at the fifth, by the beard of my father, there was the tramp again. Then the conductor kicked him off, and at the next station there sat the tramp on the back platform of the last car. 'Where are you going?' asked the conductor. 'I have kicked you off this train nine times.' 'I'm going to Jerusalem, if my pants hold out!' replied the tramp."

Abba Hassan stroked his stomach and yelled with delight, while the woman of Samaria remarked to a prodigal son on his way home that if the fat Sheikh didn't stop before long, she would have to get her corsets half soled with her sandals.

It's a poor generation that can't do something for its ancestors, and as the world got its enlightenment from the Holy Land, so it pays back in jokes as old as Christianity for the steam travelers of the day of civilization.

A Pennsylvania farmer recommends orchard grass on land infested with daisies; the grass smothered them out by the third year. He would sow two bushels of orchard grass, four quarts of red top, four quarts of timothy and four pounds of clover.

MICHIGAN NEWS.

At the last session of the Circuit Court, at Manistique, Schoolcraft Co., because a man had taken the pledge of a Good Templar, it was decided that he was unfit to sit as a juror in the trial of a liquor case.

A. V. Monroe, an old-time resident of Cooper, Kalamazoo county, committed suicide the other night by cutting his throat with a razor.

C. D. Townsend, an old-time resident of Vassar and vicinity, blew his brains out the other day, and the only reason assigned for the act was that he had lived long enough.

C. L. Budd, a Hillsdale jeweler, has been appointed oil inspector for that district.

Conductor Jensen is recovering from the effects of the murderous assault made upon him at East Saginaw by John Sweeney. Sweeney has been held to answer a charge of assault with intent to commit murder. Bail \$10,000, which he could not furnish.

An Adrian man asked for quinine at a drug store there a few days ago. The same night he took the prescribed dose and it made him so ill that the doctors had difficulty in saving his life. The dispenser of drugs gave him morphine by mistake.

The Union bank has been organized at Jackson with a capital of \$100,000.

Marshallfield, in Tuscola county, has been deprived of its railroad station, and Remus is by so much the better off. Marshallfield's railroad business has been declining for a long time past, while that of Remus has increased, wherefore the station was put upon a flat car and taken from the former to the latter town.

The Marquette North Star says, in speaking of the river that divides Wisconsin from Michigan: "It is estimated that there is yet 5,000,000,000 feet of standing pine on the Menominee river and its tributaries, 3,000,000,000 of which is owned by the companies and the remainder by the speculators. How long will this crop last? The Star doesn't know, but it may be fairly estimated. For instance, last year the mills of the Menominee river cut 450,000,000 feet."

A. V. Monroe, a well-to-do farmer of Cooper township, Kalamazoo county, recently committed suicide by cutting his throat with a razor at his residence in the presence of his family. It was a most ghastly spectacle. He went to the buttery, got up on a chair, reached for the razor, took it in his left hand and drew it across his throat with such force and purpose that the neck was almost severed from his body, the blade cracking against the bone. Then he got down and ran about the room, a great stream of blood spurting out, and finally he fell exhausted and died before his horror-stricken family. He has before had symptoms of insanity, and once attempted to drown himself. His family are all grown up. He was one of the earliest settlers of Cooper, was highly respected and was a man of prominence. He was in very comfortable circumstances, but his delusion was that his family would soon come to want.

Pat Cavanaugh, a member of the fire department of Muskegon, while under the influence of liquor forced an entrance into the house of Mrs. J. P. Magoon, getting in at a window. A Mr. Collins, an engineer on the C. & W. M. railway, who with his wife occupied a room up stairs, hearing the crash of the glass, rushed down stairs with his revolver and fired at the supposed burglar. The ball entered Cavanaugh's neck at the right side, coming out at the left shoulder. It is supposed he will recover. No one believes Cavanaugh had any criminal intention in entering the house. Collins has been arrested.

A few nights ago, five head of cattle were stolen from the farm of Alexander Paul, of Austin township, Sanilac county. The news of the theft was brought to Bay City and the chief of police captured the thief and recovered the cattle six miles out of town. When Paul saw the thief he found it was his brother who had been missing for three years and was supposed to be lost. The prisoner confessed his guilt and was taken back to Sanilac county for punishment.

The sheriff of Genesee county allows the prisoners the liberty of the institution, and the poor prisoners enjoy themselves by getting clubs and mauling each other.

Representative French of Monroe boasts that the finest cheese in the state is made in his district.

State Salt Inspector Hill has inspected the new salt well at Marine City and gives his opinion that the stream of brine drawn up from the well is the most remarkable one he has ever seen. Mr. Hill has appointed S. S. Smith, of Bay City, deputy inspector for St. Clair district.

Rev. A. W. Mann, at one time connected with the deaf and dumb institution in Flint, was ordained a priest in the Protestant Episcopal Church at Philadelphia recently.

Clark Rawson, an energetic young citizen of Hillsdale, son of the editor of the Hillsdale Standard, will soon open an eating house at the Lake Shore depot in that city. By the new deal in railroad affairs in that place, the situation will be a good one for the business.

Wm. Lennon, baggage-master for the Michigan Southern railroad at Lansing, but whose family reside at Ann Arbor, received fatal injuries by falling under the cars of the Detroit, Grand Haven & Milwaukee railway at Tonawanda, Lansing & Northern reaching the Milwaukee depot just as a west-bound freight was moving out to take the side track he attempted to climb upon a freight car, slipping, he fell under the wheels. His injuries were almost certain to prove fatal, but there being a bare possibility of life his left leg was amputated above the knee. He died however, in great agony a few hours after.

Potatoes are quoted higher in Detroit than at any other point in the west.

The new jail and the new asylum at Traverse City are nearly completed.

Prof. Kedzie, of the Michigan Agricultural College, is making experiments that thus far show that growing plants in a close room are not injurious to human life. He says that the notion that it is unhealthy to sleep in a room containing plants is sheer nonsense.

Pontiac will soon have an electric fire alarm system.

A six-inch pipe sunk in the center of the great 40 foot well at the Adrian water works spouts a clear stream of excellent water. The water supply question at Adrian is solved.

Ex-Senator Swift, of Ishpeming, has been over the Vermillion iron district in Minnesota and says the district is rich in ore. It is his opinion that the iron will find its outlet at Duluth, it not being practicable to make a harbor at Agate bay.

A large frame barn, belonging to Wesley J. Post, in township of Argentine, Genesee county, burned recently. It contained 300 bushels of wheat, a quantity of oats and hay, and most of the implements of the farm. It is supposed to have been fired by some tramp who had taken refuge for the night. Insured for \$700.

Orosco has 22 manufacturing concerns, and a prospect of more.

The wheat crop of Michigan for 1883, will average 12 bushels to the acre.

The inhabitants of Cornucopia are greatly excited over the finding of the skeleton of an enormous mastodon. The discovery was made on the farm of A. Fraser. A ditch was being dug, when a round hard substance was struck, which proved to be a tusk, about 14 feet long. Further search revealed a rib, part of the jaw bones, and several teeth. One of the teeth was 4 1/2 inches in the crown, and the enamel a quarter of an inch thick, the root of the tooth being 18 inches long.

Judge Geddes, of Lenawee county, has appointed Josephus M. Rober, of Blissfield, a special commissioner to straighten, clean out, widen and deepen the river Raisin from the junction of its two branches in the township of Raisin, Lenawee county, to its outlet in Lake Erie.

In the United States court at Grand Rapids, Mrs. Sophia Williams has sued the Muskegon booming company to recover \$20,000 for pine cut in 1879 by J. H. Norton from a large tract of land owned by her in Martin township, Mecosta county, and floated in the Little Muskegon river. The logs were floated down the river to Muskegon by the booming company and disposed of to J. H. Skeels & Co., of Chicago. Norton admits all the premises but the ownership of the land. He claims to hold title right to cut the timber. The result of the suit will fall upon Skeels & Co., who gave an indemnity bond to the booming company when that corporation delivered to them the logs, which were at once cut and put upon the market.

Cedar Springs invites capitalists to come there and start a national bank.

Chauncey W. Calkins, superintendent of the poor for Allegan county, has been arrested for sending paupers to Kent county to be cared for.

Mrs. L. H. Stevens, having twice married the same man, has just secured her second divorce from him at Grand Rapids, \$1,500 being awarded her. She lived with her husband in all, 14 years.

Members of the Peninsular club at Grand Rapids, of which deceased was a member, are circulating subscription papers among the business men of the city for a monument to the late J. Morgan Smith, the eminent Congregational pastor. It is proposed to raise \$1,500 for the purpose.

Patrick Cavanaugh, of Muskegon whom C. J. Collins took for a burglar, and shot, died the other day.

According to the latest reports, only nine Michigan co-operative insurance companies have rendered their reports to the state commissioner of insurance as required by the law of 1883, viz: Farmers' mutual benefit association of Calhoun county; Marshall mutual aid association; Masonic mutual benefit association, Grand Rapids; Michigan mutual benefit, Hillsdale; Mutual sickness and accident association, Reading; National accident, Detroit; People's accident, Kalamazoo; Sons of Industry, Detroit; Union M. A., Battle Creek.

Michael Holland, a brakeman on the Chicago & Grand Trunk railroad fell from a car at Charlotte the other, and both legs were cut off at the knees.

Ed Crum, living in Vergennes, three miles northwest of Lowell, committed suicide the other morning by hanging himself in his barn. He ate his breakfast as usual, went out to the barn, shortly after calling to his wife with some remarks about his chores or work, and that was the last seen or heard of him alive. At nine o'clock he was found hanging by his neck from a beam in the barn, dead. Justice Hunter, of Lowell, was summoned to hold an inquest. The verdict of the jury was in accord with the above facts. He was the son of Abraham Crum, of Vergennes, one of the first settlers of Kent county.

The supreme court is now wrestling with the question of the governor's right to remove Justice Willson from the Flint Institution.

The recent heavy rains have done wonders for the wheat in St. Joseph county, and it never was more promising for the season of the year.

A. O. Hyde has been re-elected superintendent of the poor of Calhoun county by the supervisors. He has held the office already 15 years, and gives the best of satisfaction.

Thieves stole Richard Trabbie's horse from his farm near the state line south of Monroe, drove to Monroe, and exchanged it for a \$325 rig belonging to J. M. Sterling. They are believed to be Toledo thieves en route for Detroit.

The Pontiac asylum is overcrowded and there are 200 more patients at the Kalamazoo asylum than the accommodations provide for. It will be two years before the northern asylum is ready for occupancy, and meantime the applications for admission are unusually numerous.

"One More Unfortunate."

A young woman named Susan Williams, but known to her associates as "Jennie Clark," was found dead in her bed in Maggie Stewart's house of ill-fame, at East Saginaw. She was only 18 years of age, but has lived a life of sin for many years in East Saginaw and Detroit. The verdict over her remains was "death from an overdose of morphine and excessive use of liquor." The funeral was under the charge of the fallen women of that city.

Down in Grand River.

The third car from the end of a long northward bound freight train on the Grand Rapids & Indiana railroad jumped the track just before entering the bridge across Grand river at Grand Rapids early the other morning. The accident was not noticed and the derailed car was dragged along and finally toppled over into the river, carrying with it two other cars. The bridge was torn up for 100 feet. The cars were loaded with merchandise, upon which there is a loss of \$1,000. The caboose, with three men, at the end of the train, was left standing on the bridge.

Iron Mining Notes.

W. F. Swift, of Ishpeming, returned from a four weeks' examination of the Vermillion (Minnesota) iron district on Thursday. During his absence Mr. Swift traveled the entire length of the range, and brought with him specimens taken from all the located mining properties. To a reporter of the Mining Journal he expressed the opinion that the Minnesota Iron Company will find it impossible to make a harbor at Agate Bay, owing to the great depth of water, and thinks that Duluth will be the most available shipping point for the ore from this district—thus making a railroad haul of ninety-five miles. The railroad company already has grading one for thirty miles and iron has been laid on six miles of this distance. At the Breitung and Stone mines considerable work has been done in every way of building. F. E. Brochert is just down from his exploration on Section 9 just east of Sunday Lake, where he reports having a very fine show of first-class ore. He reports a great deal of activity in the way of exploration all along the range, from the south end of Lake Agogee to the Montreal River. The latest important find is on section 18, town 47, range 46, where Barton, Vaughan and Moore have struck a vein of very rich, red hematite.

Total lake shipments last week were as follows:

Port of Escanaba	Gross tons
Port of Marquette	54,285
Port of L'Anse	23,537
Port of St. Ignace	1,006
Total	83,249

For the corresponding week last year the shipments were 8,427 tons less. Of the last week's output the mines of Marquette County, including those having no outlet save by way of Escanaba, contributed 58,757, and those of Menominee and Florence Counties 24,492 tons. Of the entire season's output of the district, up to and including the 10th, inst., 1,137,654 tons were shipped from the mines of Marquette County, 629,576 tons from those of the Menominee County, while those of Florence, Wis., and Baraga contributed 56,617 and 12,474 tons respectively.—Marquette Mining Journal.

Afraid of the "Preacher."

Why it is that young people as a rule, especially young men, should fear a clergyman, "the preacher," there has never been any good reason given. Yet, the moment a clergyman puts in an appearance, a gloom as it were, settles over the company, and all begin to act in a precise and very unnatural manner, and not a few, whose hearts are full of jollity and good humor, suddenly wish the preacher would go away. Clergymen have often wondered why it was that when they came around the hearty laugh and smiling cheerful face give way to a sort of cholera morbus air, a chilly atmosphere pervaded, and in a way that betokens an indescribable internal yearning one feels after eating unripe fruit. As a rule, the preacher is not a very dangerous individual, neither does he subsist on funerals and everlasting torment. He does not, at this day, at any rate, delight in tormenting sinners over everlasting sulphurous fires. One would think so, though, to see the resigned expression of woe and misery that comes over the faces of a company of young men and women when the minister comes into their midst. To the clergyman themselves is due this unnatural state of affairs, in a great measure. A large class of "preachers" go about with a sort of Greenlands-icy-mountain air, which freezes all the mirth and good social feeling right out of those with whom they may come in contact. This is one of the causes. Another is found in the fact that the young men and young women are too often reprimanded and threatened from the pulpit, instead of counseled and encouraged. It seems to be a standing rule, with some of our clergymen, to scold the young people of their congregation when they can find nothing else to preach about. A religious life has come to be looked upon, by many, as one devoid of all earthly enjoyment, full of spasmodic pains, that gives the professor's face a sort of agonized expression of pain and anguish, which words fail to describe. If there is so much of good in a religious life, who has a better right to enjoy the good things of this world than the professor of religion? A happy countenance is the index to a happy heart, and there is no class of people who should wear a happy face, unless the professor of religion. It's the lack of this, in too many cases, that cause the young men and women to shun the church and appear unnatural when the "preacher" comes. A candid and unprejudiced study of the case, will convince any fair minded person that the above points are true!

There are, however, exceptions to this rule. There are some real earnest ministers of the gospel who realize that a merry heart is not a sin. That to laugh is not a sin of eternal damnation. There are a few real jolly preachers in this world who have a way of gaining the confidence of the young and whose presence is courted and who are always a welcome guest at socials, parties and picnics and in the family circle. These "preachers" can tell a good story or laugh at one with such heartiness as to make them indeed respected and loved by old and young and whose influence, and reproof for a wrong word and act, has a greater influence than a stack of sermons and lectures by those straight-laced dignified kind. A minister is not frivolous or rattled headed because he likes a good story or reels a joke, but on the contrary he is a human being with a sympathy and fellow feeling for all mankind. He is no Pharisee to go about with a face a yard long and a s if bone in his back saying "I am holier than thou art, miserable worm of the dust." No, he weeps with those who mourn, he laughs with those who laugh and never neglects to tell the "old old story" at such a time as it will have the desired effect. If we had more human beings for ministers we would have more young people who would not scoff at the religion of their fathers and have less fear and unnatural restraint when the minister come around.

You want something to eat, do you?" inquired a man of a lame tramp at the back door of his residence. "Are you please, sor." "What made you lame?" "It was the earthquake, sor." "An earthquake!" "Yis, sor. Ye see, I'm an Italian from the island of Ischia, an' when the earthquake shuk up the surface of the planet it sprung me knee, an' I'm unable to work, which the same, I'd be pleased to do if I was able."

When the bulldog made a rapid exit through the gate, he was proceeded by the Italian earthquake sufferers. Texas Siftings.

Lieutenant Tanner, of the Government fishing steamer Albatross, has discovered four new species of fish at a depth of 2,300 fathoms, and they are now in the hands of commission experts.

TOLEDO, ANN ARBOR & G. T. R. R.

COLUMBUS TIME.

Through time table in effect June 10th, 1883.

GOING NORTH.				GOING SOUTH.			
Express	Express	STATIONS.	Express	Express	STATIONS.	Express	Express
8:20 PM	8:35 AM	Lv Toledo	AT 10:00 AM	8:20 PM	8:35 AM	Ar Toledo	AT 10:00 AM
8:35 PM	8:47 AM	Lt Ann Arbor	AT 10:15 AM	8:47 PM	8:59 AM	Lt Ann Arbor	AT 10:15 AM
8:47 PM	9:00 AM	Lt Monroe Jct.	AT 10:30 AM	9:00 PM	9:12 AM	Lt Monroe Jct.	AT 10:30 AM
8:59 PM	9:12 AM	Lt Dundee	AT 10:45 AM	9:12 PM	9:24 AM	Lt Dundee	AT 10:45 AM
9:12 PM	9:24 AM	Lt Atrilla	AT 11:00 AM	9:24 PM	9:36 AM	Lt Atrilla	AT 11:00 AM
9:24 PM	9:36 AM	Lt Milan	AT 11:15 AM	9:36 PM	9:48 AM	Lt Milan	AT 11:15 AM
9:36 PM	9:48 AM	Lt Utrilla	AT 11:30 AM	9:48 PM	10:00 AM	Lt Utrilla	AT 11:30 AM
9:48 PM	10:00 AM	Lt Pittsfield	AT 11:45 AM	10:00 PM	10:12 AM	Lt Pittsfield	AT 11:45 AM
10:00 PM	10:12 AM	Lt Ann Arbor	AT 12:00 PM	10:12 PM	10:24 AM	Lt Ann Arbor	AT 12:00 PM
10:12 PM	10:24 AM	Lt South Lyon	AT 12:15 PM	10:24 PM	10:36 AM	Lt South Lyon	AT 12:15 PM

Connections—At Toledo with railroad direct; at Ann Arbor with Toledo, L. & M. & N. E. & P. M. R. R.; at Monroe Jct. with L. & M. & N. E. & P. M. R. R.; at Pittsfield with L. & M. & N. E. & P. M. R. R.; at South Lyon with Ann Arbor with Michigan Cen. R. R.; at South Lyon with Detroit, Lansing & Northern R. R. W. H. BENNETT, Gen'l Pass. Agent.

COLOGNE CATHEDRAL.

FRANK H. WILLARD.

To the City of Cologne
Tells in deep and doleful tone,
The Cathedral's ancient bell,
No one living now can tell
By whose holy hand 'twas rung
First, when consecrated hung.
If that ancient bell could talk
To the people as they walk
'Neath the great Cathedral's spire
Looking at its cross afire,
Blazing in the sun on high,
Like a comet in the sky,
Many secrets it had buried
From its belfry on the world.
Silent in its iron breast,
Many joys and sorrows rest.
Silently, those lips of iron
Many mysteries environ.
Once for Charlemagne it tolled;
Once for holy Hildebold.
Once it tolled, when Frederic's grace
Buried, 'neath the altar place,
Holy kings he thither brought,
Which, in far Milan, he sought,
Once it rang, in merry mirth,
Over Frederic William's birth.
Once it rang for Frederic's bride,
And it tolled when Frederic died.
But no writer ever said
Tolled that bell when countless dead
Died for men along the Rhine,
On the rock, in ancient time,
At the stake, and on the tree,
That all people might be free.
And no poet ever sang
That throughout Cologne, it rang
When, along the Rhine, men cried—
"Strike for liberty!" and died.
When, Oh, old cathedral bell,
Shall your voice of freedom tell?
When, Oh, bells, along the line
Of the wide and winding Rhine,
Shall some sturdy patriot's hand,
In the German Fatherland,
Strike a blow and make you free
To ring for Truth and Liberty?

THE FATAL PRESCRIPTION.

"An Ower True Tale."

Arthur's Home Magazine.

You ask me why I am so opposed to the use of alcohol in sickness. You tell me that good physicians have told you that no substitute for pure liquor can be found. That is, nothing that will stimulate as surely and as quickly. I do not believe it. But I do believe it is the easiest to procure, and where a stimulant is required it is generally given because it is pleasant to take. But the idea that the medical profession is compelled to make use of alcohol is absurd. Just now, however, I will give you the story of a friend of mine, as one of my reasons for condemning the use of liquor in the sick-room. You remember meeting at our house just before you moved West a Mr. Lester and his beautiful young wife. You thought their prospects for happiness bright, I know, as you remarked to me at the time, that you had seldom met with a couple who were so attractive and apparently so well suited to one another. Mr. Lester and my husband had been intimate friends for years, and when at the age of thirty-five he married a fair girl of twenty, with whom he fell in love when on a business trip, and brought her home, we were delighted. For, as Fred said, "Lester was too good a man to live a bachelor."

Mrs. Lester we found a charming woman, bright and intelligent. I became quite intimate with her, and did not wonder at her husband's very evident devotion to her. They went into society a good deal for the first year of their married life; but during the second a babe was born to them, and, of course, that made a change. They seemed, however, happier than ever. But alas! the child, when about a year old, sickened and died. Mrs. Lester, who had idolized the little one, became low spirited, and at last fell ill of low fever, and for some time her life was despaired of. Just at this time my own domestic affairs confined me closely. My mother was in delicate health, and our little Nellie had a long illness, so that for almost a year I scarcely left the house and saw very little society.

As soon as Mrs. Lester recovered she called to see me; at first her visits were tolerably frequent, but I suppose, absorbed in my own troubles, I was not very entertaining, as they became farther and farther apart, until some months lay between them. I asked my husband one day what had become of the Lesters, as I had not seen Mrs. Lester for some time. He said he knew little about them.

"Some unaccountable change," he went on, "has taken place in Lester; he is totally unlike himself, scarcely ever smiles, seems to take no interest in anything or anybody."

"Perhaps," said I, "he has business troubles."

"I think not," said Fred, "his business appears to be prosperous."

The subject was dropped; but I thought a good deal about it, and at last determined to visit my old friends and see if they really were in trouble. I was kindly received by both Mr. and Mrs. Lester, and could detect no difference in their manner to each other or to me, and yet there was something different. There seemed to be an invisible barrier between us, and I was kept, as it were, at arm's length. A feeling of restraint troubled me, and there was an air of mystery about the house which perplexed me. I soon learned that others felt as I did, and of course, there was "talk."

Servants told strange tales of Mrs. Lester's "hysterics" and "queer spells," which often confined her to her room for days, during which no one but her husband was permitted to see her. One girl told a wonderful story of Mr. Lester's violent anger at her for having entered his wife's room during his temporary absence. She said she knew there was a mystery somewhere and she was bound to see what it was. All she saw, however, was the lady lying on the bed apparently asleep and in a high fever; before she could speak to her Mr. Lester came in, and she found herself in the hall, with her wages in her hand, in less time than it took to tell it.

This is but one of the many such stories that were in the mouths of gossips. After awhile Mr. Lester and his wife left home ostensibly to travel for the benefit of Mrs. L.'s health.

Two years passed, when one day my husband said:

"The Lesters are home again, Nellie. I met Lester this morning, and of all sad faces I think his is the saddest. I was afraid to ask after his wife, for I felt sure she was dead."

"And is she?" I asked.

"No; he told me she was well and would be glad to see you. Shall we go round this evening?" he went on. "I really feel anxious about my old friend."

Company came and prevented our contemplated visit. But in a few days I called at the house and inquired for Mrs. Lester. The old woman who came to the door had lived in Mr. Lester's mother's family until it was broken up by the death of old Mrs. Lester, and since then had lived with the son. I knew her well, and was somewhat surprised at the appearance of embarrassment she showed when I asked for Mrs. Lester. She did not invite me to enter; but after a moment's hesitation said she hoped I would excuse Mrs. Lester, as she was attending on Mr. L., who was quite sick.

I accordingly returned home without seeing Mrs. Lester. About dark that evening I received a message summoning me to her side. Mr. Lester's illness was very violent and proved fatal in a few days. Whatever the trouble in the family, it was one of mutual affection, for his dying eyes sought hers, his hand clasped hers until it was cold in death. As for her, she neither ate nor slept during the time his sufferings lasted, but was constantly with him, allowing no one to assist in anything she was able to do for him. And when all was over, her agony was terrible to see. It was with difficulty I persuaded her at length to leave her dead in order that the body might be prepared for burial.

About midnight I succeeded in persuading her to lie down, and, exhausted in body and mind, threw myself on the bed by her side and fell into an uneasy slumber, from which some slight noise aroused me. Looking around, I saw by the dim light Mrs. Lester, standing in front of the dresser with what appeared to be a bottle in her hand. I spoke to her, asking if anything was the matter. She seemed confused, and put her hand to her head, then replied that her head was aching badly. I offered to get up, but she begged me to lie still, and in a short time returned to bed and apparently fell asleep. After this I must have slept soundly, for when I awoke it was daylight.

Dressing myself quickly and quietly, to avoid disturbing my companion, I was about to leave the room, when my eye fell on her face. It frightened me. The eye, half open, were blood-shot and while the whole countenance was flushed almost to a purple hue.

"Good heavens!" I exclaimed, "she is very sick."

And hastily ringing the bell, I stooped and tried to arouse her. As I did so, the fumes of alcohol surprised me. I did not know what to think, but I proceeded to bathe her head in cold water and comb the tangled locks away from her face. While I was thus engaged, old Rachel entered the room.

"Just let her alone, Mrs. C—," she said; "she is drunk, and that is all there is about it. O you wretched creature!" she continued, addressing the unconscious woman, "couldn't you wait until he was under the ground to make your shame known? Now," she cried, turning to me, while tears streamed down her wrinkled face, "you know the life he led, do you wonder he was changed? O ma'am! if ever there was a saint on earth, that poor man that lies a corpse down-stairs was one."

I was so surprised and horrified I could scarcely speak.

"O Rachel!" I said at last, "I never dreamed of this; how long has it been going on?"

"Why, almost ever since baby died. She was so very feeble, you know," said Rachel, "that the doctor said she must have wine every day. Of course, no body thought of harm until it was too late. Poor thing! she did try to break herself of it, but it seemed she couldn't. I thought Mr. Lester would go crazy. He would try to scold her sometimes, but more times he got down on her knees before him and promised, with tears running down her cheeks, never to touch the stuff again, and I believe she meant it, for she loved her husband dearly. It, for she loved her husband," said I.

"It seems strange," Rachel said, "that loving him as she did, she would persist in doing what she knew, or at what she might have expected, would drive him from her. There are few men, I think, who would prove faithful to a drunken wife."

"That is the truth," answered the old woman. "Women are expected to live with drunken men, but not men with drinking women, and she knew it; she used to tell him that, and beg him not to leave her. Oh! if love could save the drunkards, Mrs. C—, there would be few unfortunates, but I tell you the craving for whisky—it is not always love of it—is stronger than love or hate or any other passion in this world. I believe, I know that woman," pointing to Mrs. Lester, "loved her husband better than her own life; she would have died for him gladly. Sometimes there would be weeks during which she would not touch liquor. Once she went three months without it, and they were so happy! That was while they were traveling. They thought she had lost all desire for it, and he brought her back, thinking to have a happy home again. But they were invited to dinner at the Rev. Mr. Brown's. They never thought of danger there. But a friend had sent him some fine 'old port,' and his guests were invited to taste it. Immediately after dinner had been eaten, Mr. Lester brought Mrs. Lester home on the plea of his own head aching. Poor man! if he had said heart-aching he would have told the truth. I saw at once by her flushed cheeks and loud talk that somehow she had got liquor. But I helped him coax her to lie down, and together we watched by her until we thought her asleep. Then, as he had some business to see to, he left me in charge and went to the store. O Mrs. C—! she was not asleep; as soon as he left the house she got up, and in spite of me left her room. I ran to fasten the doors, but she was too strong for me. It was dark and raining hard; she got away from me and ran out in the street bare-headed. I followed her, begging, praying her to go home. But it was no use. In the darkness I lost her, she was so quick. Then I went to the store for Mr. Lester and told him. I think death struck him then, for he turned gray in the face, not white, Mrs. C—, but gray, and he staggered like a drunken man. As he hurried past me, I tried to follow him. But I am old and weak, it was so cold and dark I thought I had better go home and get things ready for them when they come back."

"It was nearly midnight when they came. I don't know where he found her; but he was half-carrying her. They were both wet, through with rain, and her beautiful dress was covered with mud. He only said, 'Help me, Rachel,' and we got her clothes off and put her in bed. Then I got him dry clothes and wanted him to lie down, but he did not—he was sitting just where I left him when I went to bed, next morning, and had that same strange gray color on his face."

Mrs. Lester was still asleep and breathing loud, or it seemed loud in the still room as Rachel paused in her sad story.

"When did you say this was, Rachel?" I asked.

"Just the day before Mr. Lester took down," she replied. "He had not been well for several days—in fact, he had not wanted to go to the dinner-party. He only went to please his wife, and next morning when she roused up he told her he was sick and if she would stay with him he would lie down."

"O Rachel! How did she act? How could she look him in the face?" said I.

"She felt bad, I know," said Rachel; "but she did not allude to the occurrences of the night before. She was pale and weak, but she tried to keep up, and drank the strong coffee I gave her and stayed in the room with her husband all day, lying by his side the most of the time."

"She got frightened at last, as he got no better and she noticed that strange look on his face."

"What does it mean, Rachel?" she whispered to me. "Go for the doctor. O Rachel! have I killed him?"

"I did not tell her what I thought, but I brought the doctor as quick as I could. You know the rest. How he never rallied, and how she nursed him. I will tell you one thing more, in justice to her. Mr. Lester told me that his wife inherited her love of liquor from her father, who died a drunkard. If so, we ought to pity her; ought we not?"

Mrs. Lester attended her husband's funeral in a calm decorous manner. After it was over, she disappeared, no one knew whither, nor could the utmost efforts of lawyers or friends discover her whereabouts.

With the exception of a handsome legacy to Rachel, her husband had left all his property—which was large—to his wife, in charge of a lawyer friend, with particular instructions in regard to his wife, which the lawyer kept secret, while he spared neither time nor money in his endeavors to find his charge.

Years passed with no tidings from the wanderer, when, one bitter cold winter morning, I received a note from an intimate lady friend and acquaintance stating that she would call for me in an hour, in company with Dr. Bland, in order that we might go with him to see a sick friend.

Wondering somewhat, as I knew of none of our friends being ill, I soon made ready, and when the carriage arrived stepped in at once. We were driven to a distant part of the city, tenanted by the lowest class of people, and I suppose I looked my surprise, for Dr. Bland remarked:

"You will know all soon enough. Mrs. C—, I cannot bear to tell you."

At last the carriage drew up at the door of a miserable house and we alighted. The Doctor preceded up a rickety flight of stairs and into a room near the top of the house. Oh! the wretched, wretched place. The bare, dirty floor; the uncourained, grimy windows; the broken, smoky grate, with just a handful of coals; the mass

of rags, on which, in lieu of a bed, lay all that was left of our once beautiful, happy Annie Lester.

She extended her hand to me. I took it, while unbidden tears filled my eyes. She smiled.

"Do not cry now," she said, in a faint voice; "rather be glad that a miserable life is about to end. I never would have returned but for that. It is only a question of hours, Doctor; isn't it?"

The Doctor bent his head. And she continued brokenly:

"I would have spared you, dear friends, this, to your painful scene, but I have a favor to ask. I want to be buried near my husband." She paused and a thin stream of blood trickled from her lips. I wiped it off and she went on, still more faintly: "Near him, friends; not at his side, ah! no, not there, but at his feet. I killed him. Oh! I who loved him so, I killed him as surely as if I had driven a knife into his heart. O Dr. Bland!—that fatal prescription of yours. If it had not been for that, O my God!" She half raised up, but fell back exhausted, while the pallor of death settled on her wasted features.

"Doctor," she gasped, pushing away the spoon he placed to her lips, "don't try to prolong this misery." She raised her dim eyes to his face. "I forgive you," she said, "as I hope to be forgiven. You—you," she went on, a word at a time, while each laboring breath grew shorter, "did not mean, but oh! that daily glass of wine; it found its way to the hidden taint in my blood. O my father! What a heritage you left your child; and it might have never been awakened if it had not been for that—I tried so hard—I have suffered so—a thousand deaths—my husband's feet, remember, re—"

Death sealed her lips. As the Doctor bent to close the gazing eyes and fold the cold hands, he trembled as with an ague.

Next day, while snow fell fast from the dull, grey sky, we laid poor Annie Lester's body, not at her husband's feet, but by his side, where, while life lasted, he had so nobly kept her and where we knew he would have wished her to rest at last.

As Dr. Bland left me at my home, after the last sad rites were over, he retained my hand in his a moment, his face was pale, and his firm lips quivered a little as he said:

"Mrs. C—, I think I fully realize the woe of him who putteth the cup to his brother's lips, and I am resolved that no human being shall ever again lay their ruin at my door."

"Amen!" I answered. "Would that every member of your grand and useful profession would make the same resolution and abide by it, for I am sure the sum of human sin and suffering would thereby be greatly lessened."

The Doctor bowed gravely, and stepping into his carriage, was driven homeward, while I entered my own happy home, and in the society of my dear ones strove to recover my usual cheerfulness, and after a time succeeded. But still my heart is sad whenever I think of those two wrecked lives, and I thought perhaps a knowledge of their pitiful fate might cause some good physician to ponder awhile when next he prescribed alcohol, and perhaps he might, thinking of possible unforeseen results; make some other than that of ten "Fatal Prescription."

Selling Sewing Machines.

Peck's Sun.

"I thought you were traveling for a sewing machine house," said a man to a friend whom he found standing on a corner with a strip of court plaster on his nose to hold it on. "You have not thrown up the job have you?"

"Yes, I have thrown up the job," said the stricken man, as he felt of his left ear to see if it was growing on all right. "I was the victim of misplaced confidence. The boss started me out wrong. He gave me Utah instructions to work on in Wisconsin, and my being alive is a miracle."

"I don't seem to understand what Utah instructions have to do with it. Let's go in and take a drink and you can explain," and the two went into a saloon followed by a newspaper man, who sat down at the same table. After the martyr to Utah instructions had got his arm, which was done up in splints, into an easy position on the table, and his lame leg into another chair, and blown the foam off his beer, he said:

"You see the general agent of the sewing machine company wanted me to travel through western Wisconsin with a wagon, selling sewing machines on the installment plan, to farmers, and in towns where they had no regular agent. Before I started out he called me into his office and gave me some instructions. He said the only sure way to sell machines was to deal directly with the ladies of the house, and have nothing to do with the men folks at all. If a woman could be induced to like a machine, and she wanted it, that settled it, and they would do all the talking to the men, and the sale would be made. He told me that their most successful agents all over the country were men who could talk sweet to women, and make them believe they were handsome, or smarter than their neighbors, or more tasty, or kept their houses cleaner, or something, and he bade me never attempt to sell a machine until I had got on the right side of the woman whom I was dealing with. He said sometimes a playful pat on the cheek, or a chuck under the chin of a woman in the country, by an agent, would do more to help along a sale than a week's talk about the merits of a machine, and as I was pretty good looking, and real smart, he had no doubt I would succeed

and soon become the leading agent, and eventually be promoted to the management of the state agency. I was looking for him on the corner when you spoke to me," said the amateur agent, as he felt of the strip of plaster on his nose, "to kill him. He must have known just how it would be, and I think he wanted to get me killed, so it would be in the papers, and advertise the machine. These general agents will do anything to advertise. Well, I had my machines shipped out to Portage, and drove there, and took a few on my wagon and started out towards Fox Lake, and after I had got out about ten miles, outside the territory of the local agent, I stopped at a house, and went in and tackled the lady. She was a real good looking, red faced woman, of about forty, and after talking with her about the crops, and a few things like that, and complimenting her on her looks, I put my hand up to her face and patted it, and told her she was a fat little rascal. Have you ever been in a railroad accident? No? Ever been in a cyclone? No? Well, you don't know anything about it. I thought the chimney fell on me, but I guess it was only a mop, but it knocked me under a table, and the pail of dirty water she had been using to mop the floor rolled over on me, and I saw her step on a chair and reach for a gun that was hanging on a couple of wooden hooks, and I happened to think of my horse, and I rushed out and cut the halter, and it is lucky for me that I did, for I just had time to get into the wagon ahead of a yellow dog which had me by the pants. As I drove off I heard the gun, and all I could see was three men coming on a run from a wheat field with pitch forks, and the dog in the road sneezing and picking pieces of my pants out of his teeth. I swear to you I was never so scared in my life, and I ran the horse two miles, and then I took out a pocket mirror and looked at myself and I was as white as your shirt bosom. Did I sell a machine? Thunder no! Never took a machine out of the wagon. I thought I was lucky to get away alive. Every hill I came to I looked back expecting to see them grangers coming with pitch forks, but I guess she told them it was nothing serious. Well, I didn't make another break until I had got about eleven miles from there and then I went to a house and enquired if they kept a dog, and a little woman told me they had no dog, and I went in. She asked me if I was not well, and if I had fallen into a mud hole, and then I looked at my clothes, and that mop water had spoiled them. Then I thought of where the dog took the mouthful out of my pants, and I kept my shoulders against the wall, and began to get solid with her. I asked about her husband and she said he was sick and then I went in to sell a machine. Here was a little woman that I could whip, if worse came to worse, who had a husband who was sick, and I regained confidence and told her she was a daisy. I said to her that it pained me to see a woman like her, endowed with all the charms of her sex doomed to wear her life out on a sandy farm, in a God-forsaken country, when she was calculated to adorn a mansion. I told her her hands were made for playing the piano, instead of working in a bread foundry, or washing red flannel shirts for harvest hands, or frying pork for threshing machine pirates, and then I chuckled her under the chin and told her she reminded me of the Princess Louise. I thought I heard a bedroom door squeak, as I had my hand on her chin, and she looked around and said, loud enough to be heard in the next room, 'Nathan, here is a man you want to tend to,' and just then the door opened and Nathan came out in his stocking feet, with a blue wamus on. Well, he was the healthiest invalid I ever saw. He was about nineteen feet high, and had a foot like a fiddle box. He had heard every word I said, and as he laid there on his sick bed, and—you say you never was in a cyclone? Ever been struck by lightning or a pile driver, or run through a stone crusher? Then I can't explain it to you. He took me by the neck, and his bony fingers were so long they went twice around my throat. He choked me until my tongue ran out, and then he began to break up furniture with me. He mauled me all around out in the yard, and I guess he would have killed me, only his wife came to the door and said, 'come, Nathan, it is time for you to take your medicine,' when he let me alone long enough to go in and take some pills, and I made for the wagon. The horse wasn't tied this time, and the animal seemed to have learned that when I came out on a gallop, that it was his business to light out, and he ran down the road like split. I looked around, and Nathan had come out into the door-yard, to commence where he left off, and whip me some more, and I shall never forget the look of disappointment on his face, when he found I had decided to terminate the interview, and not sell any machine there. Well, in going down the hill, one of the sewing machines got loose and fell on my back and broke that, and I got to the depot at Cambria just in time to catch a freight train for Horicon, and I got in here at midnight, and notified the office that the horse and wagon and machines were at a tavern at Cambria, and that I resigned. The general agent was not in, and I am trying to catch him on the street. One of the clerks told me that the general agent remarked the day before, that he was afraid I would get into trouble, as he had given me Utah instructions. But that experience let me out. I had rather rob trains than sell sewing machines," and the two men got up and went out to look for the general agent.

LADIES! You will find our stock of Dry Goods very complete now in all departments, and call your attention to our stock of Dress Flannels, Velvets, Velveteens, Silk and Wool Plushes, Broadhead Suran Cloths, Cashmeres, Black and Colored Silks, Satines, Brocades etc. We guarantee to sell you these goods as low as you can buy them in Detroit, Jackson or Ann Arbor, and ask you to look before purchasing. We never sold as many goods as we are now selling and claim advantages over the ordinary merchant because we are able to buy of the best houses in the Country, pay CASH for all goods within 10 days, getting the best Cash discount possible. No store rent to pay, and are willing and can afford to sell at a small margin. We ask you to look at our stock which is by far the largest General Stock in Washtenaw County.

Respectfully,
H. S. HOLMES.



Wood Bros. are now on hand with a large stock and the largest assortment of goods ever shown in Chelsea. We can show you Foreign and Domestic dry goods, Crockery and Glassware, Boots Shoes and Rubber goods, Groceries of all kinds, Hats & Caps, Wall & Window Paper, Gloves and Mittens, Work-pants and Overalls, Bed and Horse blankets, Ladies' & Gentlemen's Underwear, Watches, Clocks, Jewelry, and Plated Ware, and

great many other things all of which we offer for less money than can be bought elsewhere. We are sole agents in Chelsea for the Rockford Quick Train Watch the best Watch in existence, but we have in stock all the reliable movements of other makes and at prices from two to five dollars below any other dealers.

Respectfully,
WOOD BROS.

Since the introduction of spelling matches, many words have come prominently into notice—words that were previously comparatively unknown. For instance we find Antiseptic, meaning: preventing and stopping all fermentation and decomposition, and Analgesic: Painkiller. Then there is Antipyretic: cooling down inflammation and fever heat. These three words so often mis-spelled, are three of the cardinal virtues of something that will cure many a bad spell, and that is Salicylic acid, pronounced Sal-i-cyl-i-ca. Warranted to afford immediate relief, and guaranteed to cure Rheumatism, Gout and Neuralgia.

Daughters, Wives and Mothers.

We emphatically guarantee Dr. Marchis's Catholicon, a Female Remedy, to cure Female Diseases, such as Ovarian troubles, Inflammation and Ulceration, Falling and Displacements or bearing down feeling, Irregularities, Barrenness, Change of Life, Leucorrhoea, besides many weaknesses springing from the above, like Headache, Bloating, Spinal weakness, Sleeplessness, Nervous debility, Palpitation of the heart, &c. No Cure, No Pay! For sale by Druggists. Prices \$1.00 and \$1.50 per Bottle. Send to Dr. J. B. Marchis, Utica, N. Y., for Pamphlet, free. For sale by R. S. Amstutz, Druggist.

We solicit communications and news items from all the surrounding towns.

Every communication must contain the name and address of the writer, not necessarily for publication, but as a guarantee of good faith.

If you have any business at the probate office, make the request that the notice be published in the HERALD. Such a request will always be granted.

Our market report will invariably be found correct, as we give it our personal attention and take great pains to give correct quotations. The prices quoted are those paid by dealers.

We must not be held responsible for sentiments expressed by writers.

Address all communications to

THE HERALD.

THURSDAY, OCT. 25, 1883.

Additional Locals.

Our press-man is papa!

Subscribe for the HERALD and receive it free, the balance of this year.

A new door sill has been placed at the main entrance of the Town hall.

The announcement of the 21st annual premiums to subscribers has just been made by the Detroit Commercial Advertiser. Address a postal card to the publisher, W. H. Burk, Detroit, Michigan, for a sample copy. The one now before us fully sustains the growing reputation of this old established weekly and has more attractions as a general family journal, than any paper that visits our sanctum. The first page is brim full of merry anecdotes and bits of information; the 2d page has a generous instalment of a short and very interesting serial story; while page 3 is devoted to the interests of the ladies and their gentlemen friends, who visit the Sitting Room to give information on and discuss subjects connected with home life. Pages 4 and 5 give editorials and news of the week. The former are spicily independent, the latter very full and complete. On page 6 the young people and the older members of the family find something to interest them, while the general market reports on page 7 must be valuable to producer and buyer. Page 8 is especially the farmers' page, and besides interesting letters from subscribers on farm topics, contains many useful hints on agricultural affairs. To many, the liberal quantity of poetry, both original and selected, that appears in the pages of the Detroit Commercial Advertiser, is quite an attraction. Indeed we believe all will find much to commend in this worthy journal, a sample copy of which will be cheerfully forwarded by the publisher.

None but First Class Goods.

In Watches, Jewelry and Silverware one should have the best or none. Messrs SHURLEY & Co., Chicago, are making a specialty of fine goods, and if you need anything in Watches, in dust and waterproof cases, Solid Silver or Triple Plated Ware, Solid Gold or Rolled Gold Jewelry, send to Shurley & Co., they will send a single article at the dozen price. They are vouched for and endorsed by the United States Express Co., American Express Co., Southern Express Co., F. W. Palmer, postmaster of Chicago, Gen. A. C. Smith, Ex-State Treasurer, and many others. Goods sent on approval, with privilege of examination, enabling you to do your purchasing at home. Remember, Shurley & Co., 77 State street, Chicago, Ill. Send for their New and Beautifully Illustrated Catalogue.

Wood Bros. sell plated knives and forks at 2-3 the price of other dealers.

Cook stores cheap! J. Bacon & Co.

One of Noyes' dictionary holder's for sale at this office.

You will save plenty of money by buying your Plated Ware of Wood Bros.

Clover and Timothy seed for sale by J. Bacon & Co.

Fetch in your job work, we are ready to be rushed, and will do it in good shape.

Ladies' Watches and Chains 20 per cent. below other dealers at Wood Bros.

Heating stoves from \$5.00 to \$35.00. J. Bacon & Co.

Ask anyone who has a Rockford watch how they like it.

We are headquarters for Hanging lamps at bottom prices. J. Bacon & Co.

If you want Horse blankets or Robes, go to J. Bacon & Co.

We have Plated Ware of all descriptions. J. Bacon & Co.

Condition of the CHELSEA SAVINGS BANK, of Chelsea, July 23, 1883, made in accordance with Sections 18, 19 and 27, of the General Banking Law, as amended 1871:

Resources.		Liabilities.	
Bonds		Capital paid in	\$ 50,000
Mortgages and other Loans	\$ 128,900.63	Surplus and Earnings	4,889
Cash in Vault and in State and National Banks, Banks, subject to demand	24,567.89	Due Depositors	117,981
Premium Account; Savings Department	211.10		
Savings Department Re-Deposit	16,476.28		
Safe, Furniture and Fixtures	2,003.83		
Expenses	600.40		
	\$ 173,760.32		\$ 173,760.32

I, GEO. P. GLAZIER, Cashier of the above named Bank, do solemnly swear, that above statement is true, to the best of my knowledge and belief.

—DIRECTORS:—

SAM'L G. IVES, President.
THOS. S. BEARS, Vice-President.
JOHN R. GATES,
AARON T. GORTON,
HEMAN M. WOODS,
FRANK P. GLAZIER,
GEO. P. GLAZIER.

GEO. P. GLAZIER, Cashier

Subscribed and sworn to before me this

day of Oct., A. D. 1883.

THEODORE E. WOOD, Notary Public

We have the largest assortment of Gold and Silver Watches, representing the leading American and Swiss movements, and the greatest variety of designs, weights and styles in cases in the County.

Every Watch sold under a positive guarantee

GLAZIER, DePUY & CO.

The Finest Dry Goods Store

CENTRAL MICHIGAN

Old Mammoth, at Jackson

This store has been re-fitted at a large expense and is now being fitted with NEW, FIRST-CLASS merchandise.

For many years it has been the rule of the former proprietors, C. Morrill & Camp, to sell nothing but first-class goods and under no circumstances allow any salesman to misrepresent. As it is my desire to continue the business, and wishing to increase the sales largely, I shall all goods at the lowest possible profit and at any time goods bought from my establishment that are not as represented, may be returned and I will cheerfully refund the money. I buy all my goods for cash and sell them for cash, and as my store is the best lighted of any in the State, the customer can see exactly what they are getting.

D. V. BUNNELL.

DURAND & HATCH
PAY CASH

—FOR—

PRODUCE

—AND SELL—

Boots and Shoes

Cheaper Than The Cheapest!

Pay CASH for produce and sell

The Cheapest and Best
Groceries and family Supplies

No Rent to pay out of the business.